#### **POL 312Y**

# **Canadian Foreign Policy**

University of Toronto, St. George Campus Fall 2019-Winter 2020

Tuesday 10 a.m.–12:00 p.m. Fall Term: OISE Building, OI 5170 (F) and Winter Term: Koffler House KP 108 (S)

Course websites: www.cfp.utoronto.ca and www.g7.utoronto.ca/teaching

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# Teaching Assistant

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Since 1945, the study and practice of Canadian foreign policy (CFP) have been dominated by a *liberal-internationalist* theory focused on Canada's pursuit, as a middle power, of harmonious multilateral associations and shared international values. This view has usually been challenged by a *peripheral dependence* theory, which depicts a small, penetrated Canada heavily constrained at home and abroad by dominant American power. This course also presents a third, *complex neo-realist* theory. It suggests that Canada has emerged, in a more diffuse interconnected international system, as a principal power focused on globally advancing its own national interests, competitively pursuing external initiatives and promoting a world order directly supportive of Canada's distinctive values.

This course assesses how each theory describes and explains CFP, especially in the current post–Cold War, globalizing world. The first part of the course outlines the three theories. The second part assesses their accuracy by surveying successive Canadian governments' major doctrines, resource distributions, and decisions. The third part explores the individual, governmental, societal, and external determinants of Canada's international behaviour. The fourth part examines trends in Canada's policy toward the United States, North America, Europe, the Pacific, the Americas, Asia, Africa, and the Middle East and the major institutions, issues and instruments (such as military force, free trade and environmental agreements, economic sanctions, peacekeeping, and development assistance) used in each. The fifth part consider Canada's approach to world order and global governance, largely through the multilateral United Nations and the plurilateral Group of Seven (G7) and Group of Twenty (G20).

# Requirements

Each student will be responsible for the:

1. First-Term Test, on December 3, 2019 (the last class in the first term) (for 25% of the final grade);

- 2. Research Essay of 2,500-3,000 words plus bibliography and references, handed in both on paper and electronically on Turnitin.com, due on February 25, 2020 (at start of the first class after Reading Week) (for 50% of the final grade); and
- 3. Final Test (covering material from the entire course), on March 31, 2020 (the last class in second term) (for 25% of the final grade).

# **Late Penalty**

The late penalty is 2% of the assignment grade per calendar day, including weekends (without eligible causes, as approved by the instructor or TA in advance). Eligible causes for extension are unforeseen medical and dental and non-curricular paid work-related and disruptive personal relationship interruptions. Students should keep rough and draft work and hard copies of their essays and assignments before handing them in to the instructor. These should be kept until the marked assignments have been returned and the grades posted on ACORN. Note: Plagiarism is a serious academic offense and will be dealt with accordingly. For further clarification and information on plagiarism consult Writing at the University of Toronto, at <a href="http://www.writing.utoronto.ca/advice/using-sources">http://www.writing.utoronto.ca/advice/using-sources</a>.

# **Required Texts**

The required texts, which are all available for purchase at the University of Toronto Bookstore, are:

John Kirton (2007). *Canadian Foreign Policy in a Changing World* (Toronto: Thomson Nelson). This is the core textbook. An updated version in Chinese, published in 2019 by the Shanghai People's Publishing House, is available on reserve at the Trinity College Library.

Duane Bratt and Chris Kukucha, eds. (2015). *Readings in Canadian Foreign Policy:* Classic Debates and New Ideas (Toronto: Oxford University Press, 3rd edition). This is the core reader.

# **Other Key Works**

- a. Don Munton and John Kirton, eds. (1992). *Canadian Foreign Policy: Selected Cases* (Toronto: Prentice Hall). It discusses the major cases from 1945 to 1991, covered in the historical overviews.
- b. Duane Bratt and Christopher Kukucha, eds. (2011). *Readings in Canadian Foreign Policy: Classic Debates and New Ideas* (Toronto: Oxford University Press), second edition.
- c. Norman Hillmer and Philippe Lagasse (2018), *Justin Trudeau and Canadian Foreign Policy: Canada Among Nations 2017* (PalgraveMacmillan). For essays.

d. Heather A. Smith and Claire Turenne Sjolander, eds. (2013). *Canada in the World: Internationalism in Canadian Foreign Policy* (Toronto: Oxford University Press). For essays.

- e. Brian Tomlin, Norman Hillmer and Fen Osler Hampson (2008). *Canada's International Policies: Agendas, Alternatives and Politics* (Toronto: Oxford University Press). For essays.
- f. Kim Richard Nossal, Stéphane Roussel and Stéphane Paquin (2010). *International Policy and Politics in Canada* (Toronto: Pearson Education). Also see *Politique internationale et défense au Canada et au Québec* (Montreal: les Presses de l'Université de Montréal). A classic textbook focused on the policymaking process.
- g. Andrew F. Cooper (1997). *Canadian Foreign Policy: Old Habits and New Directions*. (Scarborough: Prentice Hall). A classic textbook.
- h. David Dewitt and John Kirton (1983). *Canada as a Principal Power* (Toronto: John Wiley). The classic theoretical foundation for this course.
- i. Bothwell Bothwell (2006). *The Penguin History of Canada* (Toronto: Penguin). The best history.
- j. Patrick James, Nelson Michaud and Marc O'Reilly, eds. (2006). *Handbook of Canadian Foreign Policy* (Toronto: Lexington Books).
- k. Dubinsky, Karen, Sean Mills and Scott Rutherford (2016), *Canada and the Third World: Overlapping Histories*. (University of Toronto Press: Toronto).

Also valuable are the annual volumes in the *Canada Among Nations* (CAN) series, 1984 to the present.

#### Key Journals and Annuals (to scan for your essays, in order of relevance):

CFP Canadian Foreign Policy (1992–, 3/year, the key journal)

IJ International Journal (1945–, 4/year, some CFP content)

CAN Canada Among Nations (1984–, 1/year, good CFP content)

EI Études Internationales (1970–, 4/year, some systematic CFP content)

ARCS American Review of Canadian Studies (some CFP content)

CAPP Canadian-American Public Policy (good Canada-U.S. content)

NA Norteamerica (2006-, good North American content)

BH Behind the Headlines (some CFP content)

CPP Canadian Public Policy (some CFP content)

PO *Policy Options* (some CFP content)

CJPS Canadian Journal of Political Science (strong analysis, some CFP content)

CWV Canada World View, Foreign Affairs Canada (useful government source)

Note: Some current and archival issues of these are available online. Most are in print, available in Trinity College's John Graham Library and other libraries.

# **Weekly Session Readings**

\* Background if time and interest allow.

# 1. Introduction to the Course (September 10)

# 2. Introduction to the Field: Premises and Principles (September 17)

Kirton, Chapters 1-2.

Kirton, John (2009), "The 10 Most Important Books on Canadian Foreign Policy," Bratt and Kukucha, 10-18 (Also in *IJ* 64 (Spring): 553-564).

Sjolander, Claire Turenne and Heather A. Smith (2010), "The Practice, Purpose, and Perils of List-Making: A Response to John Kirton's "10 Most Important Books on Canadian Foreign Policy," in Bratt and Kukucha (2011), 19-27.

\*Berns-McGown, Rima (2005), "Political Culture, Not Values," IJ 60 (Spring): 341-360.

#### PART I: THREE PERSPECTIVES ON CANADIAN FOREIGN POLICY

#### 3. Canada as a Middle Power: Liberal-Internationalist Theory (September 24)

Kirton, Chapter 3-4.

Dewitt, David and John Kirton (1983), "Three Theoretical Perspectives," Bratt and Kukucha, 68-84 (or Dewitt and Kirton, 17-28).

Holmes, John (1984), "Most Safely in the Middle," Bratt and Kukucha, 42-54.

Ghent, Jocelyn and Don Munton, "Confronting Kennedy and the Missiles in Cuba, 1962," Munton and Kirton, 78-100.

Soward, Fred and Edgar McInnis, "Forming the United Nations, 1945," Munton and Kirton, 4-18.

Reid, Escott, "Forming the North Atlantic Alliance, 1949," Munton and Kirton, 27-42.

Stairs, Denis, "Containing Communism in Korea, 1950-53," Munton and Kirton, 46-57.

Reford, Robert, "Peacekeeping at Suez, 1956," Munton and Kirton, 58-77.

\*Tucker, Michael (1980), Canadian Foreign Policy: Contemporary Issues and Themes (Toronto: McGraw-Hill Ryerson), 1-26, 224-238.

\*King, Mackenzie (1943), "The Functional Principle," in Granatstein (1993), 23-27.

#### 4. Canada as a Small Power: Peripheral Dependence Theory (October 1)

Kirton, Chapter 5.

Clarkson, Stephen (1968), "The Choice to Be Made," Bratt and Kukucha, 92-108.

Bow, Brian and Patrick Lennox (2011), 'The 'Independence' Debates, Then and Now: False Choices and Real Challenges," Bratt and Kukucha, 109-112.

Wegner, Nicole (2015), "(De)constructing Foreign Policy Narratives: Canada in Afghanistan," Bratt and Kukucha, 113-121.

McMahon, Sean (2015), Hegemony in the Local Order and Accumulation in the Global: Canada and Libya," Bratt and Kukucha, 122-135.

Doran, Charles (1996), "Will Canada Unravel?" Foreign Affairs 75 (September/October): 97-109.

Ghent, Jocelyn, "Deploying Nuclear Weapons, 1962-63," Munton and Kirton, 101-117.

# 5. Canada as a Principal Power: Complex Neo-Realist Theory (October 8)

Kirton, Chapter 6.

Kirton, John (2015), "Canada as a Principal Power 2010," in Bratt and Kukucha, 85-91.

Welsh, Jennifer (2005), "Reality and Canadian Foreign Policy," CAN 2005, 23-46.

Schlegel, John, "Containing Quebec Abroad: The Gabon Incident, 1968," Munton and Kirton, 156–173.

Kirton, John and Don Munton, "The Manhattan Voyages, 1969-70," Munton and Kirton, 205-226.

Eayrs, James (1975), "Defining a New Place for Canada in the Hierarchy of World Powers," *International Perspectives* (May/June): 15-24. Also in Granatstein, J.L., ed. (1992), *Towards a New World: Readings in the History of Canadian Foreign Policy* (Toronto: Copp Clark Pitman), 76-89.

# 6. Testing the Theories: Relative Capability & International Behaviour (October 15)

Kirton, Chapter 7.

Nye, Joseph (1974), "Transnational Relations and Interstate Conflicts: An Empirical Analysis," *International Organization* 28 (Autumn): 961-998.

Lyon, Peyton and Brian Tomlin (1979), *Canada As An International Actor*, 56-93, 163-187.

Kirton, John (1987), "Managing Global Conflict: Canada and International Summitry," *CAN 1987*: 22-40.

#### PART II: CANADA'S INTERNATIONAL BEHAVIOUR SINCE 1945

#### 7. St. Laurent, Diefenbaker and Pearson, 1948-1968 (October 22)

Kirton, Chapter 8.

Chapnick, Adam (2015), "Canadian Foreign Policy, 1945-1968," Bratt and Kukucha, 28-41.

Nossal, Kim Richard (2015), "Defending Canada," Bratt and Kukucha, 295-307.

Ross, Douglas Alan (2015), "Canadian International Security Policy in the 21st Century: Closing the Book on the Sunderland Era? Not at All," Bratt and Kukucha 326-346.

St. Laurent, Louis (1947), "The Foundations of Canadian Policy in World Affairs," in R.A. Mackay, ed. (1971), *Canadian Foreign Policy*, 1945-1954: Selected Speeches and Documents (Toronto: McClelland and Stewart), 388-399. In J.L. Granatstein (1993), 28-37.

\*Norman Hillmer and J.L. Granatstein (1994), *Empire to Umpire* (Toronto: Irvin), 181-264.

### 8. Trudeau, Clark and Mulroney, 1968-1993 (October 29)

Kirton, Chapter 9-10.

Stairs, Denis, "Reviewing Foreign Policy, 1968-70," Munton and Kirton, 189-204.

Dobell, Peter, "Reducing Vulnerability: The Third Option, 1970s," Munton and Kirton, 237-258.

Takach, George, "Moving the Embassy to Jerusalem, 1979," Munton and Kirton, 273-285.

Bayer, James "Sanctioning the Soviets: the Afghanistan Intervention, 1979-80," Munton and Kirton, 286-298.

Hart, Michael, "Negotiating Free Trade, 1985-88," Munton and Kirton, 314-337.

Kirton, John, "Liberating Kuwait: Canada and the Persian Gulf War, 1990-91," Munton and Kirton, 382-393.

Michaud, Nelson and Kim Richard Nossal, eds. (2001), *Diplomatic Departures: The Conservative Era in Canadian Foreign Policy*, 1984-93 (Vancouver: UBC Press), 3-42, 290-296.

Hampson, Fen Osler (2018), *Master of Persuasion: Brian Mulroney's Global Legacy* (Toronto: Signal Editions), 1-9, 219-230.

- \*Thordarson, Bruce, "Cutting Back on NATO, 1969," Munton and Kirton, 174-188.
- \*Harbron, John, "Recognizing China, 1971," Munton and Kirton, 227-236.
- \*Granatstein, J. L. and Robert Bothwell (1990), *Pirouette: Pierre Trudeau and Canadian Foreign Policy* (Toronto: University of Toronto Press), especially 3-38, 363-383.
- \*Dewitt and Kirton, 68-84.

#### Fall Break: November 5 NO CLASS

#### 9. Chrétien and Martin, 1993-2006 (November 12)

Kirton, Chapters 11-12, 155-194.

Nossal, Kim Richard (2003), "Canada: Fading Power or Future Power?" *BH* 59 (Spring): 9-16.

Hampson, Fen Osler and Dean Oliver (1998), "Pulpit Diplomacy: A Critical Assessment of the Axworthy Doctrine," *IJ* 53 (Summer): 379-406.

Stairs, Denis (2003), "Trends in Canadian Foreign Policy: Past, Present, and Future," *BH* 59 (Spring): 1-7.

Malone, David (2001), "Foreign Policy Reviews Reconsidered," *IJ* 56 (Autumn): 555-578.

\*Fraser, Graham (2005), "Liberal Continuities: Jean Chrétien's Foreign Policy, 1993-2003," *CAN 2004*: 171-186.

\*Canada (1995), *Canada in the World: Government Statement* (Ottawa: Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade).

\*Canada (2003), A Dialogue on Foreign Policy: Report to Canadians (Ottawa: Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade).

\*Smith, Heather (1999), "Caution Warranted: Niche Diplomacy Assessed," *CFP* 6 (Spring): 57-72.

#### 10. Harper, 2006-2015 (November 19)

Kirton, Chapter 12, 194-199.

Kirton, John (2006), "A Made in Canada Foreign Policy for Harper's First Year," in Andrew Cooper and Dana Rowlands, *Canada Among Nations: Minorities and Priorities 2006* (Montreal: McGill Press) 34-57.

Blanchfield, Mike ((2017), Swingback: Getting Along in the World with Harper and Trudeau (Montreal: McGill-Queen's University Press), 3-10, 30-41.

- Chapnick, Adam (2006), "Caught In-between Traditions: A Minority Conservative Government and Canadian Foreign Policy," Cooper and Rowlands, 58-75.
- Cooper, Andrew and Dane Rowland (2006), "Positioning Policy Priorities in a Minority Context: Prospects for the Harper Government," Cooper and Rowlands, 3-26.
- Segal, Hugh (2006), "Compassion, Realism, Engagement and Focus: A Conservative Foreign Policy Thematic," Cooper and Rowlands, 27-33.
- Sloan, Elinor (2006), "Canada's International Security Policy under a Conservative Government," Cooper and Rowlands, 145-163.
- \*Robertson, Colin (2016), "Rising Power: Stephen Harper's Makeover of Canadian International Policy," in Jennifer Ditchburn and Graham Fox, eds. *The Harper Factor: Assessing a Prime Minister's Policy* Legacy (Montreal: McGill-Queen's University Press), 97-115.
- \*Harper, Stephen (2006), "Address by the Prime Minister at the Canada-UK Chamber of Commerce," London, UK, July 14 www.pm.gc.ca/eng/media.asp?category=2&id=1247.

# 11. Justin Trudeau, 2015- (November 26)

- Hillmer, Norman et al. (2017), "The Age of Trudeau and Trump," in Norman Hillmer and Philippe Lagassé, eds., *Justin Trudeau and Canadian Foreign Policy: Canada Among Nations 2017* (Palgrave MacMillan), 1-16.
- Paris, Roland (2017), "The Promise and Perils of Justin Trudeau's Foreign Policy," in Norman Hillmer and Philippe Lagassé, eds., *Justin Trudeau and Canadian Foreign Policy: Canada Among Nations 2017* (Palgrave MacMillan), 17-29.
- Nossal, Kim Richard (2017), "Promises Made, Promises Kept? A Mid-Term Trudeau Foreign Policy Report Card," in Norman Hillmer and Philippe Lagassé, eds., *Justin Trudeau and Canadian Foreign Policy: Canada Among Nations 2017* (Palgrave MacMillan), 31-53.
- Klassen, Jerome and Yves Engler (2018), "What's Not to Like? Justin Trudeau, the Global Disorder, and Liberal Illusions," in Norman Hillmer and Philippe Lagassé, eds., *Justin Trudeau and Canadian Foreign Policy: Canada Among Nations 2017* (Palgrave MacMillan), 55-83.
- Freeland, Chrystia (2017), "Address by Minister Freeland on Canada's foreign policy priorities."
  - https://www.canada.ca/en/globalaffairs/news/2017/06/address\_by\_ministerfreelandonc\_anadasforeignpolicypriorities.html
- \*Blanchfield, Mike (2017), Swingback: Getting along in the World with Harper and Trudeau (Montreal: McGill-Queen's University Press), 187-247.
- \*Coulon, Jocelyn," Canada is Not Back: How Justin Trudeau Is In Over His Head on Foreign Policy, (Lorimer: Toronto).

## 12. Term Test (December 3, location TBA)

#### PART III: THE CANADIAN FOREIGN POLICY PROCESS

# 13. The Governmental Process (January 7)

Kirton, Chapter 13.

Gecelovsky, Paul (2011), "Of Legacies and Lightning Bolts: The Prime Minister and Canadian Foreign Policy," Bratt and Kukucha, 213-223.

Dutil, Patrice (2015), "The Institutionalization of Foreign Affairs (1909-2009)," Bratt and Kukucha, 239-258.

Michaud, Nelson (2006), "The Prime Minister, PMO, and PCO: Makers of Canadian Foreign Policy? In Patrick James, Nelson Michaud and Marc O'Reilly, eds. (2006), *Handbook of Canadian Foreign Policy* (Lexington Books: Toronto), 21-48.

\*Meren, David (1999), "Destinies with Greatness or Delusions of Grandeur? Causes and Consequences of Canadian Prime Ministerial Intervention in International Crises," *CFP* 7 (Winter): 127-148.

\*Stairs, Denis (2001), "The Changing Office and the Changing Environment of the Minister of Foreign Affairs in the Axworthy Era," *CAN 2001*, 19-38.

\*Kirton, John (1997), "Foreign Policy Under the Liberals: Prime Ministerial Leadership in the Chrétien Government's Foreign Policy-making Process," *CAN 1997*, 21-50.

\*Dewitt and Kirton, 16-17, 195-234.

# 14. The Societal Process (January 14)

Kirton, Chapter 14.

Schmitz, Gerald (2015)," Parliament and Canadian Foreign Policy: Between Paradox and Potential," Bratt and Kukucha, 224-238.

Carment, David and Joe Landry (2015), "Civil Society and Canadian Foreign Policy," Bratt and Kukucha, 277-289.

\*Bow, Brian and David Black (2008-9), "Does Politics Stop at the Water's Edge in Canada? Party and Partisanship in Canadian Foreign Policy," *IJ* 64 (Winter): 7-28.

\*Michaud, Michel (2006), "Canada and Quebec on the World Stage," Cooper and Rowlands, 232-250.

\*Mace, Gordon, Louis Bélanger and Ivan Bernier (1995), "Canadian Foreign Policy and Quebec," *CAN 1995*: 119-144.

\*Smith, Heather (2008-9), "Political Parties and Canadian Climate Change Policy," *IJ* 64 (Winter): 47-66.

\*Hale and Gattinger, eds., Borders and Bridges, 41-58.

\*Dewitt and Kirton, 167-194.

\*Roussel, Stéphane and Jean-Christophe Boucher (2015), "The Myth of the Pacific Society: Quebec's Contemporary Strategic Culture," Bratt and Kukucha, 308-321.

#### 15. The External Process (January 21)

Kirton, Chapter 15.

Kirkey, Christopher and Michael Hawes (2015), "Canada in an Age of Unipolarity: Structural Change and Canadian Foreign Policy, Bratt and Kukucha, 144-155.

Doern, Bruce and John Kirton (1995), "Internationalization, Globalization and the Canadian Foreign Policy Process," in Bruce Doern, Leslie Pal and Brian Tomlin, eds., *The Internationalization of Canadian Public Policy* (Toronto: Oxford University Press), 237-264.

- \*Clarkson, Stephen (2002), *Uncle Sam and Us: Globalization, Neoconservatism and the Canadian State* (Toronto: University of Toronto Press), 3-24.
- \*McBride, Stephen (2001), Paradigm Shift: Globalization and the Canadian State (Halifax: Fernwood Publishing), 13-34.
- \*Lyon, Peyton and Brian Tomlin (1979), Canada As An International Actor, 77-94.
- \*Dewitt and Kirton, 117-166.

#### PART IV: CANADA'S REGIONAL RELATIONSHIPS

# 16. Canada–U.S. Relations: Partnership, Absorption and Adjusting America (January 28)

Kirton, Chapters 16-17.

- Hale, Geoffrey (2015), "Canada-US Relations: Proximity and Distance in Perspective," Bratt and Kukucha, 155-170.
- Kirton, John (2008-9), "Consequences of the 2008 US Elections for America's Climate Change Policy, Canada, and the World," *IJ* 64 (Winter): 153-162.
- Blank, Stephen and Monica Gattinger (2018), "Canada-US Relations Under President Trump: Stop Reading the Tweets and Look to the Future," in Norman Hillmer and Philippe Lagassé, eds., *Justin Trudeau and Canadian Foreign Policy: Canada Among Nations* 2017 (Palgrave MacMillan), 83-102.
- Sakurada, Daizo (1998), "The 'Nixon Shokku' Revisited: Japanese and Canadian Foreign Economic Policies Compared," in Michael Fry et al., 17-35.
- \*Kawasaki, Tsuyoshi (1998), "Managing Macroeconomic Relations with the United States: Japanese and Canadian Experiences," Fry et al., 36-59.
- \*Kirton, John (1993), "A New Global Partnership," CAPP 15 (November): 1-38.
- \*Kirton, John (1993), "Promoting Plurilateral Partnerships: Managing United States-Canada Relations in the Post–Cold War Period," *ARCS* 24 (Winter): 453-472.
- \*"The Heeney-Merchant Report, 1965," in Granatstein (1993), 38-53.

#### 17. The New North American Community (February 4)

Kirton, Chapter 18.

- Hale and Gattinger, eds. (2010), *Borders and Bridges: Canada's Policy Relations in North America*, 1-18, 59-76, 139-157, 158-176
- Kirton, John and Virginia Maclaren, eds. (2002), *Linking Trade, Environment, and Social Cohesion: NAFTA Experiences, Global Challenges* (Ashgate: Aldershot), 1-23, 73-99.
- \*Fagan, Drew (2003), "Beyond NAFTA: Toward Deeper Economic Integration," *CAN* 2003: 32-53.
- \*Cameron, Maxwell and Brian Tomlin (2000), *The Making of NAFTA: How the Deal Was Done* (Ithaca: Cornell University Press), 1-14, \*51-236.
- \*McDougall, John (2000), "National Differences and the NAFTA," IJ 50 (Spring): 281-291.

## 18. Europe, Russia and the Arctic (February 11)

Kirton, Chapter 19.

Huebert, Rob (2015), "Canadian Arctic Sovereignty and Security in a Transforming Circumpolar World," Bratt and Kukucha, 347-371.

- Ross, Douglas Alan (2011), "NATO in Canadian Foreign Policy: From 'Atlanticist' fear and Hope to a Future of Environmental Crisis and 'Civilizational Rallying'?" Bratt and Kukucha, SECOND EDITION., 193-212.
- Wilson, Gary N and Heather A. Smith. 2011. "The Inuit Circumpolar Council in an era of global and local change." *International Journal* 66.4: 909-921.
- Smith, Heather (2015), "Choosing Not to See: Canada, Climate Change and the Arctic," Bratt and Kukucha, 459-466.
- \*Hale and Gattinger, eds., Borders and Bridges, 120-137, 177-193
- \*Buduru, Bogdan and Dragos Popa (2005), "Canada-Russia Relations: A Strategic Partnership?" *CAN* 2005, 185-202.
- \*Jockel, Joseph and Joel Sokolsky (2009), "Canada and NATO: Keeping Ottawa In, Expenses Down, Criticism out ... and the Country Secure," *IJ* 64 (Spring): 315-336.
- \*Kirton, John (2000), "Canada and the New Europe: The Compounding Cultural Connection," in Waldemar Zacharasiewicz and Fritz Peter Kirsch, eds., Canada/Europe: Opportunities and Problems of Interculturality (Hagen: ISL-Verlag), 7-22.
- \*Cooper, 110-172, 248-256.

# February 17-21: Reading Week: No Class. No Office Hours.

#### 19. Asia (February 25)

Kirton, Chapter 20.

- Burton, Charles (2015), "The Dynamic of Relations between Canada and China," Bratt and Kukucha, 171-185.
- Calvert, Philip (2018), "Justin Trudeau's China Challenges," in Norman Hillmer and Philippe Lagassé, eds., *Justin Trudeau and Canadian Foreign Policy: Canada Among Nations* 2017 (Palgrave MacMillan), 135-164.
- Singh, Anita (2015), "The Indo-Canadian Diaspora and Canadian Foreign Policy: Lessons Learned and Moving Forward," Bratt and Kukucha, 259-276.
- \*Kirton, John (2008), "North Pacific Neighbours in a New World: Canada-Japan Relations, 1984-2006," in Greg Donaghy and Patricia Roy, eds., *Contradictory Impulses: Canada and Japan in the Twentieth Century* (UBC Press: Toronto), 207-230.
- Paltiel, Jeremy (2016), "Resolute Ambivalence: Canada's Strategy toward China and the Asia-Pacific," *Canadian Foreign Policy Journal* 22.1.
- \*Bratt, Duane (2015), "The Energy Triangle: Canada, the United States and China," Bratt and Kukucha, 434-451.
- \*Mulroney, David (2015), Middle Power, Middle Kingdom: What Canadians Need to Know about China in the 21st Century (Penguin Random House), Introduction.
- \*Fry, Michael et al. (1998), "The New North Pacific Triangle," in Fry et al., 3-13.
- \*Taylor, James (1998), "Managing Canada-Japan Relations," in Fry et al., 237-250.

\*Kumar, Ramesh and Nigmendra Narain (2005), "Re-engaging India: Upgrading the Canada-India Bazaar Relationship," *CAN* 2005, 169-184.

\*Evans, Paul (2006), "Canada, Meet Global China," IJ 61 (Spring): 283-298.

#### 20. The Americas (March 3)

Kirton, Chapter 21.

Shamsie, Yasmine (2006), "It's Not Just Afghanistan or Darfur: Canada's Peacebuilding Efforts in Haiti," Cooper and Rowlands, 209-232.

Randall, Stephen (2002). "In Search of a Hemispheric Role: Canada and the Americas," *CAN* 2002: 233-255.

Stevenson, Brian (2000), *Canada, Latin America and the New Internationalism* (Montreal: McGill-Queen's University Press), 3-21, 224-234.

\*Dosman, Ed (1992) "Canada and Latin America: The New Look," IJ 47 (Summer): 529-554.

\*Cooper, 261-280.

# 21. Africa and the Middle East (March 10)

Kirton, Chapter 22.

Black, David (2015), "The Harper Government, Africa Policy and the Relative Decline of Humane Internationalism," Bratt and Kukucha 482-506.

Bratt, Duane (2007), "Warriors or Boy Scouts? Canada and Peace Support Operations," Bratt and Kukucha, SECOND EDITION. 238-248.

Pratt, Cranford (1999), "Competing Rationales for Canadian Development Assistance: Reducing Global Poverty, Enhancing Canadian Prosperity and Security, or Advancing Global Human Security," SECOND EDITION. Bratt and Kukucha, 368-378.

Musu, Constnaza (2012), "Canada and the MENA region: The foreign policy of a middle power," *CFPJ* 18 (March): 65-75.

Pederson, Jennifer (2018), ""We Will Honour Our Good Name": The Trudeau Government, Arms Expirts, and Human Rights," in Norman Hillmer and Philippe Lagassé, eds., *Justin Trudeau and Canadian Foreign Policy: Canada Among Nations* 2017 (Palgrave MacMillan), 207-232.

\*Heinbecker, Paul and Bessma Momani, eds. (2007), *Canada and the Middle East: In Theory and Practice* (Wilfred Laurier University Press). Selected chapters.

\*Sucharov, Mira (2003), "A Multilateral Affair: Canadian Foreign Policy in the Middle East," *CAN 2003: 312-331*.

\*Kurosawa, Mitsuru, "Japanese and Canadian Peacekeeping Participation: The American Dimension," in Fry et al., 196-208.

\*Dewitt and Kirton, 355-402.

#### PART V: INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTIONS AND ORDER

#### 22. The Multilateral United Nations System (March 17)

Kirton, Chapter 23.

Keating, Tom (2015), "The Twilight of Multilateralism in Canadian Foreign Policy?" Bratt and Kukucha, 55-67.

Riddell-Dixon, Elizabeth (2011), "Canada at the United Nations in the New Millennium," Bratt and Kukucha, SECOND EDITION.139-158.

- Hart, Michael (2015), "Breaking Free: A Post-mercantalist Trade and Productivity Agenda for Canada," Bratt and Kukucha 375-399.
- Smythe, Elizabeth (2007), "Canada and the Negotiation of Investment Rules: Open for Whose Business?" Bratt and Kukucha 415-433.
- Charron, Andrea (2018), "Justin Trudeau's Quest for a United Nations Security Council Seat," in Norman Hillmer and Philippe Lagassé, eds., *Justin Trudeau and Canadian Foreign Policy: Canada Among Nations* 2017 (Palgrave MacMillan), 247-260.
- \*Cooper, Andrew (2004), Tests of Global Governance: Canadian Diplomacy and United Nations World Conferences (Tokyo: United Nations University Press), 69-93.
- \*Keating, Tom (2002), Canada and World Order: The Multilateralist Tradition in Canadian Foreign Policy, 2nd edition (Toronto: Oxford University Press), 1-16, 186-225.

# 25. The Plurilateral G7-G20 Summit System (March 24)

Kirton, Chapter 24.

- Heinbecker, Paul (2015), "Canada's World Can Get a Lot Bigger; The Group of Twenty, Global Governance and Security," Bratt & Kukucha, 186-209.
- McBride, Stephen (2015), "Canada's Policy Response to the Global Financial Crisis," Bratt and Kukucha, 400-414.
- Kirton, John (2011), "Canada as a G8 and G20 Principal Power," in Bratt and Kukucha, SECOND EDITION. 157-174.
- Black, David (2011), "Canada, the G8, and Africa: The Rise and Decline of a Hegemonic Project?" Bratt and Kukucha, SECOND EDITION. 487-502.
- \*Black, David (2005), "From Kananaskis to Gleneagles: Assessing Canadian 'Leadership' on Africa," *BH* 62 (May): 1-16.
- \*Fowler, Robert (2003) "Canadian Leadership and the Kananaskis G8 Summit: Toward a Less Self-Centered Policy," *CAN 2003*: 219-241.
- \*Haynal, George (2005), "Summitry and Governance: The Case for a G-xx," CAN 2004: 261-274.
- \*Langdon, Steven (2003), "NEPAD and the Renaissance of Africa," CAN 2003: 242-255.
- \*Smith, Gordon (2001-02), "It's a Long Way from Halifax to Kananaskis," *IJ* 57 (Winter): 19.

# Research Essay Guidelines

What did Canada do, why, and, in the very short conclusion, what could and should it have done differently, in **one** of the **following** critical post–Cold War cases in Canadian foreign policy?

- The G20, 1997-
- The War in Afghanistan, 2001-
- Ballistic Missile Defence, 2001-
- African Development, 2002-
- The War in Iraq, 2003-
- The Responsibility to Protect (R2P), 2003-

- International Health, 2003-
- The Security and Prosperity Partnership (SPP-NALS), 2004-
- Arctic Sovereignty, 2006-
- Climate Change, 2006-
- Energy Policy 2006-
- Middle East Diplomacy, 2006-
- Global Financial Crisis, 2007-
- G8 Muskoka Summit, 2010
- The Trans Pacific Partnership (TPP), 2010-
- The War in Libya 2011
- Ukraine 2014-
- Indigenous Peoples, 2015-
- Feminist International Policy, 2015-
- Negotiating CUSMA, 2017-
- Coping with China over Huawei, 2018-

Note: Select and start your essay from the topics listed above in the first term to give yourself maximum time and to avoid any last-minute shortage of high-demand works on popular topics as the deadline approaches in February 2020.

In your case study, address, in order, three questions: What did the Canadian government do? Why did it do it? and briefly, at the end and based on your answers to the first two questions, What could and should it have done differently to better secure the outcomes it (and perhaps) you wanted? The first two questions will each constitute about 40% of the essay, the final question (on feasible, superior policy alternatives) 10%, and the introduction (including the significance of the case, competing schools of thought, "puzzle" and your thesis) 10%. Your own normative judgments should appear very briefly and only in the final section, if at all.

In conducting your case study, you are taking up a pursuit pioneered in the scholarly study of CFP by the legendary John Holmes. That tradition has been continued in Don Munton and John Kirton, eds. (1992), *Canadian Foreign Policy: Selected Cases* (Toronto: Prentice Hall). Refer especially to John Kirton and Don Munton, "The Manhattan Voyages, 1969-70," 205-226, and John Kirton, "Liberating Kuwait: Canada and the Persian Gulf War, 1990-91," 382-393. For a model see Alissa Wang (2016), "The Canada-EU Comprehensive Economic and Trade Agreement: What Did Canada Do and Why?" http://www.g7.utoronto.ca/teaching/312/Wang-CETA-2016.pdf.

Start by reading the relevant passages in the course text and reader, syllabus, and lecture notes (including those lectures or chapters you have not yet come to). Then follow the citations in those pieces, the case study bibliographies on the course/textbook website, the guidance provided by the instructor when you ask for it, and the relevant pieces yielded by your scan of the major books and journals, starting with those listed at the beginning of this syllabus.

The introduction to your essay will include in turn a treatment of the following elements: the policy and theoretical *significance* of the case; the debate among the competing *schools of thought* about the case itself, which requires you to group scholarly writings based on their common views on your topic (these are "schools" on the specific case examined in your paper NOT the three theories of CFP used for the course as a whole); the *puzzles*, aspects of the case that existing schools of thought do not adequately describe or explain; and your *thesis* or central argument.

You must clearly state in the introduction, ideally in one or two sentences, your thesis — your central argument about *what happened* (the central pattern of Canadian foreign policy behaviour you have identified, including identifying trends and phases in Canadian behaviour) and *why* (the key causes of that behaviour, identifying the most salient external, societal, governmental, and individual determinants). Remember, a scholarly research essay is not a murder mystery novel where the reader has to wait until the very end to find out "whodunit" — that is, what really happened and why. This thesis statement in the introduction should be a clear, complete statement that offers a better account (i.e., solves the puzzle) than the existing inadequate arguments offered by the competing schools of thought.

In the beginning and body of the essay, you should NOT relate your thesis or argument explicitly to the larger three theories on CFP. Your thesis, derived from the subject-specific competing schools of thought and the puzzles they leave — not the overall three theories — must be your guide. However, in the conclusion, you should briefly relate your argument to these three larger theories and the other major relevant theories and models in the course, in order to connect your work to the larger corpus of empirical and theoretical work. If you are ambitious, you might even suggest here how the existing perspectives might be extended, modified, or supplemented.

To organize your essay, often a chronological ordering of major decisions works well, with each successive section covering what Canada did and why on that key decision or phase in decision-making in the case. Begin and conclude each section by directly relating its main message to your overall thesis, so you cumulatively support your thesis as you proceed. In each section and the conclusion, you should directly connect effects (usually, what Canada did) and causes (why it did it). Each case covers the start date indicated above through to the present, unless an earlier end date is notified above. In some cases you can focus on the handful of major decisions (and the determinants for each), but in longer cases the many decisions should be grouped into major phases, defined by the dominant direction and/or degree of the decisions within them.

Hand in your essay in class in typed, proofread English or French. Your essay should be 2,500-3,000 words or about 10–15 pages double spaced in Times New Roman, font size 12, with embedded (author-date) citations, endnotes only as necessary, and a list of references, in a style similar to those in the Kirton text. Proofread your essay before you hand it in.

Students are required to submit their course essays to Turnitin.com for a review of textual similarity and detection of possible plagiarism. In doing so, students allow their essays to be included as source documents in the Turnitin.com reference database, where they will be used solely for the purposes of detecting plagiarism. The terms that apply to the University of Toronto's use of the Turnitin.com service are described on the Turnitin.com website. If, as a student, you object to using turnitin.com, please see the course instructor to establish appropriate alternative arrangements for submission of your written assignments.

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Version of July 30, 2019