



Legitimacy: Challenge

- Represent only 5 % of WTO membership (approx 30 percent of GATT members in 1970)
- The "democratic constitution" of the WTO
- Equality among members increasingly important: emerging markets, emerging influence from developing countries (G20, G77), the Doha *Development* Agenda

Legitimacy: comments

- YES world economy changes should be recignized, esp. Emerging trading powers
- BUT G8 countries still represent the vast part of world GDP, trade and investment flows (exception: China)
- NO pure multilateralism doesn't work; the WTO needs leadership from global trading powers (current Doha problems): different interests, capabilities and responsibilities

G8 members and contenders for membership

			GOODS		SERVICES		INVESTMENTS		
COUNTRY	TOTAL GDP*	POPULATION (MN)	EXPORT*	RANK	EXPORT*	RANK	FDI* and **	RANK	TRADE SECTOR***
UNITED STATES	12 500	295,5	9044	(2)	354,0	(1)	2051,3	(1)	24
JAPAN	4 506	128	594,9	(4)	1 07,9	(5)	385,5	(9)	22
GERMANY	2 782	82,5	959,9	(1)	148,5	(3)	9573	(8)	71
CHINA	2 229	1 304,5	762,0	(E)	73,9	(9)	46,3	(-)	65
UNITED KINGDOM	2 193	50,2	382,8	(7)	188,7	(2)	1 238,0	(2)	53
FRANCE	2 110	50,7	450,2	(5)	115,0	(4)	858,2	(4)	52
ITALY	1 723	57,5	367,2	(B)	93,5	(5)	293,5	(12)	52
SPAIN	1 124	43,4	1872	(17)	927 (7)	381,3	(11)	55	
CANADA	1 115	32,3	359,4	(9)	52,2	(15)	399,4	(7)	71
BRAZIL	794	195,4	118,3	(23)	14,9	(35)	71,5	(-)	38
KOREA, REP	788	48,3	284,4	(12)	43,9	(18)	36,5	(-)	84
INDIA	785	1095	95,1	(29)	55,1	(11)	9,5	(-)	40
MEXICO	758	1,601	2137	(15)	16,0	(32)	28,0	(-)	61
RUSSIA	754	148,2	243,5	(13)	24,3	(27)	120,4	(-)	56



Capability: Comments

- True! Also:
 - Trade is more complicated
 - Fragmentisation-based trade
 - Trade policy is more complicated
 - Technicalities
 - Expansion of membership
 - Expansion of objectives
 - Trade politics is more complicated
 - From inter-sectoral to multi-sectoral trade policy structure
- Grand bargain structure inevitable
 - Political role for G8: broad political economy of trade lib.

Relevancy: Challenges

Ineffective body

"The communique that will be issued at the end of the summit will not contain anything that anybody of sound mind would want to read, let alone demonstrate against. There is, however, one rational reason why anyone would want to demonstrate at the meeting. And this is to call for the abolition of the G8 itself, for it is no longer suited to the tasks it has set itself up to do. G8 summits have become as depressing, pretentious and wasteful as a Davos spouse programme."

Wolfgang Munchau, Columnist, Financial Times



- Ineffective body
- Selectivity: designing the agenda
 - Chief structural wekness today
 - Too much belief in the magic of international policy coordination
 - Germany has 38 prioritised issues on its agenda for G8 Presidency

Selectivity: Comments

Effective international policy coordination

- 1. International problem: spillovers
- 2. Certainty about proper policy measures
- 3. Broad consensus of problem and policy
- 4. Availability of policy tools

Criterias rarely met: G8 Presidents play for domestic audiences and for the gallery

Jim Hacker: "lots of activity, but no real achievement"

	TRADE	INNOVATION AND IN- VESTMENT	INTEL- LECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS	REGULA- TION	ENERGY	ECONOMIC POLICY	MIDDLE EAST	AFRICA	SOCIAL DIMENSION OF GLOBALI- ZATION	HIV/AIDS	CLIMATE CHANGE
•	STABILITY IN GLOBAL TRADE	FREEDOM OF INVEST- MENT	PROTECTION OF IP IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES	US-EU HARMIONI- SATION	ENERGY SECURITY	US TWIN DEFICITS	IRAN	G-8 PART- NERSHIP AGREE- MENTS WITH AFRICA	SOCIAL SECURITY IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES	IMPROVING AFRICA'S HEALTH CARE SYS- TEMS	INCREASED USE OF SUS- TAINABLE RESOURCES
	DOHA (?)	POLICY TO PROMOTE INNOVATION	NEW AGREE- MENTS TO DETER TRADE IN PIRACY GOODS	CONTROL OF HEDGE FUNDS	ENERGY EFFICIENCY	GROWTH IN EU AND JAPAN	MIDDLE EAST CONFLICTS	GOOD GOVER- NANCE	INVESTMENT IN WORKER EFFICIENCY		OVERALL REDUCED USE OF ENERGY
	TRANS- ATLANTIC TRADE	INVESTMENT CONDITIONS	STRENGT- HEN EXISTING RULES (NATIONALLY AND INTER- NATIONALLY)	MERGERS AND ACQUI- SITIONS POLICY	RUSSIA	ASIAN FOREIGN RESERVES		GLENEAG- LES AFRICA ACTION PLAN	RULES FOR WORKING CONDITIONS		THE FUTURE OF THE KYOTO PROTOCOL (POST 2012)
	RUSSIA			ENVIRON- MENTAL STANDARDS		RENMINBI FLEXIBILITY		REDUCED VIOLENCE	INVESTMENT IN HUMAN CAPITAL		ACCESS TO RAW MATERIALS
						GROWTH OF THE WORLD ECONOMY			COMMON STANDARDS FOR GLOBA- LIZATION		



The role of G8 in mutilateral trade

- Is there a role? No.
- Can it have a role? Yes, a limited role
- "Multilateralizing" the G8: not by membership structure; closer to multilateral agenda and process (WTO)
- Membership structure: China but not Russia
- Institutional reform: no secretariat, but corrdinated process
- Restraining ambitions/agenda design