

## 14. Regional Security: Civilian Security Systems [59]

### Commitment:

“To this end, we commit to strengthening: the international availability of civilian experts to support rule of law and security institutions; the capacities of key littoral states and regional organizations for maritime security; and international peace operations.”

*Muskoka Declaration: Recovery and New Beginnings*

### Assessment:

Country	Lack of Compliance	Work in Progress	Full Compliance
Canada			+1
France			+1
Germany		0	
Italy			+1
Japan			+1
Russia			+1
United Kingdom			+1
United States			+1
European Union			+1
<b>Average Score</b>			<b>+0.89</b>

### Background:

Conflict-related instability, transnational crime, piracy and terrorism continue to disrupt peace, sustainable development and economic prosperity in many vulnerable states and regions.<sup>1079</sup> Recognizing that security and stability are prerequisites for growth and effectively functioning institutions, the G8 leaders are committed to building civilian security systems to address partner states’ vulnerabilities and threats.<sup>1080</sup>

Since the creation of the African Action Plan at the 2002 Kananaskis Summit, the G8 has focused on providing new initiatives to assist in the development of regional security programs in various peace support operations.<sup>1081</sup> From the 2003 Evian Summit to the 2009 L’Aquila Summit, G8 members were committed to providing technical and financial assistance for African-led peace operations, with a particular focus on providing quality training, increasing deployable civilian expertise and conflict prevention.

On 4 May 2010, senior G8 officials met in Gatineau, Quebec to examine the role of security building initiatives in states deemed incapable of dealing with various security threats.<sup>1082</sup> During the conference on capacity building, participants agreed to a comprehensive approach in addressing counter-transnational crime, counter-piracy, counter-terrorism and peace support

<sup>1079</sup> Muskoka Declaration: Recovery and New Beginnings, 26 June 2010. Date of Access: 11 November 2010. <http://www.g8.utoronto.ca/summit/2010muskoka/communique.html#annex2>

<sup>1080</sup> Muskoka Declaration: Recovery and New Beginnings, 26 June 2010. Date of Access: 11 November 2010. <http://www.g8.utoronto.ca/summit/2010muskoka/communique.html#annex2>.

<sup>1081</sup> Issue Performance Assessment: Africa Action Plan, 3 June 2002. Date of Access: 11 November 2010. [http://www.g7.utoronto.ca/evaluations/2002kananaskis/assessment\\_africaplan.html](http://www.g7.utoronto.ca/evaluations/2002kananaskis/assessment_africaplan.html).

<sup>1082</sup> Address by Minister Cannon at G8 Conference of Senior Officials on Capacity Building to Address Security Vulnerabilities, Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade (Ottawa) 4 May 2010. Date of Access: 11 November 2010. <http://www.international.gc.ca/media/aff/speeches-discours/2010/2010-27.aspx?Lang=eng>.

operations in their national programs.<sup>1083</sup> In addition, senior officials agreed to maintain an informal network under the leadership of the Canadian G8 presidency to coordinate and share information and responsibilities.<sup>1084</sup>

These commitments were reiterated in Annex II of the Muskoka Declaration at the 2010 Muskoka Summit. The G8 promised to carry out on-going efforts to strengthen civilian security systems through a set of three interrelated initiatives: I. Civilian Reinforcements for Stabilization, Peace Building and Rule of Law, II. Maritime Security Capacity, III. International Police Peace Operations.<sup>1085</sup> In the communiqué, the G8 emphasized the need to work closely with the United Nations, the African Union, and partner states in Africa, Asia and the Americas to address security vulnerabilities associated with conflict, piracy, crime and terrorism.<sup>1086</sup>

**Commitment Features:**

This commitment calls on G8 members to work closely with international institutions and interested partners from Africa and the Americas, as well as other parties to address security vulnerabilities associated with conflict, crime, piracy and terrorism. Specifically, members commit to the following set of three initiatives to strengthen civilian security systems outlined in:

*Annex II of the Muskoka Declaration.*

- I Civilian Reinforcements for Stabilization, Peace Building and Rule of Law. This initiative responds to the need to ensure lasting stability and security in post-conflict regions. G8 members commit to work with international partners and local institutions to enhance global capacities in civilian deployments through efforts to train and recruit civilian experts from developing and G8 countries.
- II Maritime Security Capacity. Members are committed to combat piracy off the coast of Somalia, as well as to assist other key littoral states in Latin America, the Caribbean and Africa in their efforts to increase maritime security.
- III International Police Peace Operations. Members will coordinate with international institutions to train and equip police forces, including new Formed Police Units (FPUs) for various UN and AU peace missions.

To qualify for full compliance, G8 members must take action in all three initiatives aimed to achieve post-conflict stability, fight piracy and transnational crime in key littoral states, and improve the quality and availability of international police forces for peace operations.

**Scoring Guidelines:**

-1	Member provides no support to any of the civilian security initiatives outlined in Annex II of the Muskoka Declaration.
0	Member provides some support to one or two civilian security initiatives outlined in Annex II of the Muskoka Declaration.
+1	Member provides some support to all three civilian security initiatives outlined in Annex II of the Muskoka Declaration.

<sup>1083</sup> G8 Conference of Senior Officials on Capacity Building: Chair's Report to G8 Sherpas, 26 June 2010. Date of Access: 11 November 2010. <http://www.g8.utoronto.ca/summit/2010muskoka/capacity.html>.

<sup>1084</sup> G8 Conference of Senior Officials on Capacity Building: Chair's Report to G8 Sherpas, 26 June 2010. Date of Access: 11 November 2010. <http://www.g8.utoronto.ca/summit/2010muskoka/capacity.html>.

<sup>1085</sup> Muskoka Declaration: Recovery and New Beginnings, 26 June 2010. Date of Access: 11 November 2010. <http://www.g8.utoronto.ca/summit/2010muskoka/communique.html#annex2>.

<sup>1086</sup> Muskoka Declaration: Recovery and New Beginnings, 26 June 2010. Date of Access: 11 November 2010. <http://www.g8.utoronto.ca/summit/2010muskoka/communique.html#annex2>.

*Lead Analyst: Vivian Wei*

**Canada: +1**

Canada has fully complied with its commitment to Civilian Security Systems in each of the three key areas outlined in Annex II of the Muskoka Declaration: Civilian Reinforcements for Stabilization, Peace building and Rule of Law; Maritime Security; and International Police Peace Operations.

Canada has fulfilled its commitment to ensure lasting stability and security in post-conflict regions by training personnel in developing countries. Canada's Civilian Reserve (CANADEM) is a non-profit agency established and funded by the Canadian Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade.<sup>1087</sup> Its mandate is to assist UN recruitment and advance international stability and security through rapid mobilization and managements of civilian experts and police forces.<sup>1088</sup> CANADEM's current projects include the deployment of humanitarian experts to assist UN agencies in Haiti in response of the Cholera epidemic, and the deployment of civilian experts to Pakistan to address the recent flood disaster.<sup>1089</sup> The Canadian International Development Agency (CIDA) also funds these humanitarian missions.<sup>1090</sup>

In partnership with the Pearson Peacekeeping Centre (PPC), CIDA hosts a variety of international seminars on the theory and practice of peace and police operations. Capacity building programs, such as the African Centres of Excellence Program, work to "alleviate the increase[d] demand for United Nations Police Pre-Deployment training course[s]"<sup>1091</sup> by operating a mobile training operation. In conjunction with the above project, CIDA and PPC support for seminars such as the "Crosscutting Challenges to Modern Complex Peace Operations," held in Uruguay in December 2010,<sup>1092</sup> illustrate Canada's continued support for strengthening the international civilian, police and peacekeeping capacity.

Canada has achieved its goal of increasing maritime security and combating piracy off the coast of Eastern Africa. Since 2008, Canada has deployed three frigates to participate in NATO operations against piracy. In addition, Canadian frigates have escorted ships contracted by the

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<sup>1087</sup> CANADEM Home, CANADEM (Ottawa). Date of Access: 4 January 2011.

<http://www.canadem.ca/home/>.

<sup>1088</sup> CANADEM Home, CANADEM (Ottawa). Date of Access: 4 January 2011.

<http://www.canadem.ca/home/>.

<sup>1089</sup> Humanitarian Current and Past Missions, CANADEM (Ottawa) 4 January 2011. Date of Access: 4 January 2011. <http://www.canadem.ca/home/en/deployments/humanitarian-deployments/current-and-past-deployments.html>.

<sup>1090</sup> Humanitarian Current and Past Missions, CANADEM (Ottawa) 4 January 2011. Date of Access: 4 January 2011. <http://www.canadem.ca/home/en/deployments/humanitarian-deployments/current-and-past-deployments.html>.

<sup>1091</sup> African Facilitators Take it on the Road, Pearson Peacekeeping Centre (Ottawa) 12 July 2010. Date of Access: 13 February 2011. <http://www.peaceoperations.org/index.php/capacity-building-programs/africa/african-centres-of-excellence-program/lang/en/>

<sup>1092</sup> Crosscutting Challenges to Modern Complex Peace Operations, Pearson Peacekeeping Centre (Ottawa) December 2010. Date of Access: 13 February 2011. <http://www.peaceoperations.org/index.php/capacity-building-programs/latin-america/latin-america-capacity-building-project/cpo-seminar-uruguay/lang/en/>

World Food Programme.<sup>1093</sup> CIDA is currently contributing over US\$740,000 to a UN Office on Drugs and Crime Program to build additional security capacity in Africa.<sup>1094</sup>

Canada has fulfilled its objectives in the area of international police peace operations. The Royal Canadian Mounted Police (RCMP) and the Canadian Police Arrangement (CPA) are currently responsible for the training and mentoring of international police operations and services.<sup>1095</sup> The Canadian police deployments in East Timor, Western Sahara, the Balkans and the Caribbean were funded by CIDA through its overseas development assistance (ODA) budget.<sup>1096</sup> CANPOL, a division of CANADEM is working with international organizations such as the UN, European Union Police Missions (EUPOL), and the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE) to provide expertise in all areas of policing.<sup>1097</sup> From 2009 to 2011, Canadian Police Expert Trainers and Mentors to the Ministry of Interior delivered expertise in modern police methodologies at the Regional Training Centre in Herat, completing projects identified by EUPOL in Afghanistan.<sup>1098</sup> As of January 2011, Canada was deploying police officers to international peace missions in Afghanistan, Côte d'Ivoire, the Democratic Republic of Congo, Haiti, The Hague (Special tribunal for Lebanon), Israel and Kosovo.<sup>1099</sup>

Canada has “trained and fully equipped three Formed Police Units for service in the AU/UN hybrid operation in Darfur (UNAMID).”<sup>1100</sup> In addition to its annual contribution to various UN peace operations, Canada has pledged to contribute over US\$1 million per year in extra-budgetary funding to the UN Department of Peacekeeping Operations (UN DPKO) to “advance projects related to peace operations, training and doctrine.”<sup>1101</sup>

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<sup>1093</sup> Canada's Support for Peace and Security, Canadian International Development Agency (Ottawa) 22 June 2010. Date of Access: 4 January 2011. <http://www.acdi-cida.gc.ca/acdi-cida/ACDI-CIDA.nsf/eng/FRA-619132148-ND7>.

<sup>1094</sup> Canada's Support for Peace and Security, Canadian International Development Agency (Ottawa) 22 June 2010. Date of Access: 4 January 2011. <http://www.acdi-cida.gc.ca/acdi-cida/ACDI-CIDA.nsf/eng/FRA-619132148-ND7>.

<sup>1095</sup> CPA- Canadian Police Arrangement, Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade (Ottawa) 24 November 2010. Date of Access: 4 January 2011. <http://www.international.gc.ca/start-gtsr/CPA-AAPC.aspx>.

<sup>1096</sup> National governments: Canada's role, Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade (Ottawa) 14 May 2010. Date of Access: 4 January 2011. [http://www.international.gc.ca/peace-paix/act\\_gov.aspx?Lang=en](http://www.international.gc.ca/peace-paix/act_gov.aspx?Lang=en).

<sup>1097</sup> CANPOL police deployments, CANADEM (Ottawa). Date of Access: 4 January 2011. <http://www.canadem.ca/home/en/deployments/humanitarian-deployments/current-and-past-deployments.html>.

<sup>1098</sup> Current and past missions, CANADEM (Ottawa) 4 January 2011. Date of Access: 4 January 2011. <http://www.canadem.ca/home/en/deployments/humanitarian-deployments/current-and-past-deployments.html>.

<sup>1099</sup> Current Operations, Royal Canadian Mounted Police (Ottawa) 19 January 2011. Date of Access: 7 February 2011. <http://www.rcmp-grc.gc.ca/po-mp/missions-curr-cour-eng.htm#unoci>.

<sup>1100</sup> Canada's Support for Peace and Security, Canadian International Development Agency (Ottawa) 22 June 2010. Date of Access: 4 January 2011. <http://www.acdi-cida.gc.ca/acdi-cida/ACDI-CIDA.nsf/eng/FRA-619132148-ND7>.

<sup>1101</sup> Canada's Support for Peace and Security, Canadian International Development Agency (Ottawa) 22 June 2010. Date of Access: 4 January 2011. <http://www.acdi-cida.gc.ca/acdi-cida/ACDI-CIDA.nsf/eng/FRA-619132148-ND7>.

Thus, Canada has been awarded with a score of +1 for satisfying its commitment to strengthen availability of civilian experts, promote maritime security and participate in international peace operations.

*Analyst: Vivian Wei*

**France: +1**

France has fully complied with its commitment to Civilian Security Systems in each of the three key areas outlined in Annex II of the Muskoka Declaration: Civilian Reinforcements for Stabilization, Peace building and Rule of Law; Maritime Security; and International Police Peace Operations.

At the 25th Africa-France Summit in June 2010, France committed over €300 million for the 2010-2012 period to “support the efforts of African states and sub-regional organizations” to “bolster their collective security system.”<sup>1102</sup> In addition, France has voiced its vocal support for United Nations peace building missions and urged more post-conflict peace building operations to continue alongside peacekeeping.<sup>1103</sup>

On 25 August 2010, in a UN Security Council speech, France expressed its intent to continue pursuing actions against piracy on the coast of Somalia.<sup>1104</sup> France has trained over 5000 soldiers for the African Union Mission in Somalia (AMISCOM) in the past three years and currently continues to finance the force.<sup>1105</sup> France is also continuing its noteworthy involvement in, and in support for, maritime security initiatives through the first ever EU-lead naval operation. Titled Operation Atalanta, the exercise remains successful with reductions in the number of attacks in the waters off the coast of Somalia.<sup>1106</sup>

At the 25th Africa-France Summit in June 2010, France pledged to train over 12,000 African troops for various African Union and UN peacekeeping operations between 2010 and 2012.<sup>1107</sup> From July 2009 to June 2010, France contributed €585 million to peacekeeping operations.<sup>1108</sup> As of 30 November 2010, France was participating in seven UN peacekeeping missions with 1,619 deployable personnel, 163 of which are civilian police officers.<sup>1109</sup> In addition, France contributed to the civilian European Security Defense Policy (ESDP) missions and provided assistance to security sector reforms in the Democratic Republic of Congo.<sup>1110</sup> Lastly, France continued to train security forces at the International School for Security Forces (EIFORCES) which is committed

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<sup>1102</sup> 2010 Africa-France Summit Final Declaration (Nice) 1 June 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. [http://www.diplomatie.gouv.fr/en/IMG/pdf/2010\\_Africa-France\\_Summit\\_Final\\_Declaration-2.pdf](http://www.diplomatie.gouv.fr/en/IMG/pdf/2010_Africa-France_Summit_Final_Declaration-2.pdf)

<sup>1103</sup> Statement by Gérard Araud at UN Security Council (New York) 13 October 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. <http://franceonu.org/spip.php?Article5210>.

<sup>1104</sup> Statement by Nicolas de Rivière at UN Security Council (New York) 25 August 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. <http://www.franceonu.org/spip.php?Article5120>.

<sup>1105</sup> Statement by Nicolas de Rivière at UN Security Council (New York) 25 August 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. <http://www.franceonu.org/spip.php?Article5120>.

<sup>1106</sup> Statement by Nicolas de Rivière at UN Security Council (New York) 25 August 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. <http://www.franceonu.org/spip.php?Article5120>.

<sup>1107</sup> 2010 Africa-France Summit Final Declaration (Nice) 1 June 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. [http://www.diplomatie.gouv.fr/en/IMG/pdf/2010\\_Africa-France\\_Summit\\_Final\\_Declaration-2.pdf](http://www.diplomatie.gouv.fr/en/IMG/pdf/2010_Africa-France_Summit_Final_Declaration-2.pdf)

<sup>1108</sup> France at the United Nations (New York) October 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. <http://franceonu.org/spip.php?Article3645>.

<sup>1109</sup> France at the United Nations (New York) October 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. <http://franceonu.org/spip.php?Article3645>.

<sup>1110</sup> France at the United Nations (New York) October 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. <http://franceonu.org/spip.php?Article3645>.

to the training of new Formed Police Units (FPU) and the integration of current FPUs into existing infrastructures.<sup>1111</sup>

Thus, France has been awarded a score of +1 for its continued commitment to peace building efforts in Africa, its active contribution to maritime security in Somalia, and its assistance to the training new FPUs,

*Analyst: Alexander Vindua*

**Germany: 0**

Germany has partially complied with its commitment to Civilian Security Systems in each of the three key areas outlined in Annex II of the Muskoka Declaration: Civilian Reinforcements for Stabilization, Peace building and Rule of Law; Maritime Security; and International Police Peace Operations.

Germany has made contributions in the area of Civilian Reinforcements for Stabilization, Peace building and Rule of Law through national initiatives. Although, while there is no evidence to suggest that the German government has undertaken new initiatives since the Muskoka Summit in this area, Germany remains officially committed to enhancing global capacities in civilian deployments through efforts to train and recruit civilian experts from developing and G8 countries. In his keynote address on 11 November 2010 at the launch of the 'Review of Political Missions 2010', German Minister of State Werner Hoyer emphasized Germany's efforts to enhance "preparedness to contribute to the operational side of political missions."<sup>1112</sup> Hoyer discussed the work of the Center for International Peace Operations (known in German as ZIF) under the auspices of the German Training Platform for Peace Operations.<sup>1113</sup> Established by the German government in 2002, ZIF's "primary mandate is to recruit, train and manage a stand-by pool of civilian experts for political missions, peacekeeping operations and election observation missions."<sup>1114</sup>

Germany has worked to enhance Maritime Security Capacity since June 2010, as it has reacted — unilaterally when necessary — when maritime security threats materialized in the Gulf of Aden.<sup>1115</sup> Germany has also addressed maritime security through multilateral channels, such as EU NAVFOR's Operation Atalanta.<sup>1116</sup> Speaking at the African Union Summit in Kampala in July 2010, German Foreign Minister Westerwelle stressed Germany's commitment to maritime

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<sup>1111</sup> Multilateral Actions File: International School for Security Forces (EIFORCE). Date of Access: 9 December 2010. [http://www.diplomatie.gouv.fr/fr/actions-france\\_830/defense-securite\\_9035/cooperation-securite-defense\\_9037/revue-freres-armes\\_12582/freres-armes-no264-dossier-actions-multilaterales\\_20351/dossier-actions-multilaterales\\_20354/eiforces\\_86345.html](http://www.diplomatie.gouv.fr/fr/actions-france_830/defense-securite_9035/cooperation-securite-defense_9037/revue-freres-armes_12582/freres-armes-no264-dossier-actions-multilaterales_20351/dossier-actions-multilaterales_20354/eiforces_86345.html).

<sup>1112</sup> Keynote-Speech by Minister of State on the presentation of the "Review of Political Missions 2010", Federal Foreign Office (Berlin) 11 November 2010. Date of Access: 8 December 2010.

<sup>1113</sup> Keynote-Speech by Minister of State on the presentation of the "Review of Political Missions 2010", Federal Foreign Office (Berlin) 11 November 2010. Date of Access: 8 December 2010.

<sup>1114</sup> Keynote-Speech by Minister of State on the presentation of the "Review of Political Missions 2010", Federal Foreign Office (Berlin) 11 November 2010. Date of Access: 8 December 2010.

<sup>1115</sup> Forces free seized German cargo ship off Africa, Associated Press (Berlin) 25 October 2010. Date of Access: 17 November 2010. [http://www.msnbc.msn.com/id/39835319/ns/world\\_news-africa/](http://www.msnbc.msn.com/id/39835319/ns/world_news-africa/).

<sup>1116</sup> About Us: European Union Naval Force Somalia – Operation Atalanta, EU NAVFOR (Northwood, Middlesex, UK) Date of Access: 17 November. <http://www.eunavfor.eu/about-us/>.

security through Operation Atalanta.<sup>1117</sup> In a speech to the German Bundestag on 24 November 2010, Westerwelle once again spoke to support the Operation, but also emphasized that a military effort alone would be insufficient, in particular calling for German support of the reconstruction of the Somali judicial systems and governance capacity to address the root causes of piracy.<sup>1118</sup> He reiterated this position on 30 November 2010 in his address at the third EU-Africa Summit in Tripoli.<sup>1119</sup> In support of the EU extended Operation Atlanta, the Bundestag has extended Germany participation in Atalanta on 2 December 2009, for a period ending 18 December 2011.<sup>1120</sup>

In the area of international police peace operations, Germany has undertaken a number of new initiatives since the Muskoka Summit, especially in Afghanistan and East Africa. It has not, however, contributed to new UN Formed Police Units (FPUs). A December 2010 EU report signalled that Germany would continue to contribute to training Somali police forces in Ethiopia and Uganda under the EU Somalia Training Mission (EUTM).<sup>1121</sup> German Foreign Minister Guido Westerwelle visited EUTM in Uganda in July 2010 and expressed his support for its operations.<sup>1122</sup> Attending the AU Summit in Kampala earlier on that same trip, Westerwelle stressed Germany's contribution to the creation of a police element of the African Union's African standby force.<sup>1123</sup> He also "emphasized the support beyond Somalia,"<sup>1124</sup> signalling Germany's public commitment to supporting police peace operations globally. A German Foreign Ministry press release expressed German support for United Nations Security Council Resolution

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<sup>1117</sup> Spotlight on Africa as Westerwelle Attends African Union Summit, German Missions in the United States (Washington) 23 July 2010. Date of Access: 17 November 2010. [http://www.germany.info/Vertretung/usa/en/\\_pr/P\\_Wash/2010/07/23\\_africanunion\\_PR\\_archivectx=2028290.html](http://www.germany.info/Vertretung/usa/en/_pr/P_Wash/2010/07/23_africanunion_PR_archivectx=2028290.html).

<sup>1118</sup> Speech by Foreign Minister Westerwelle to the German Bundestag on the continuation of German participation in the ATALANTA mission in the Horn of Africa, Federal Foreign Office (Berlin) 24 November 2010. Date of Access: 8 December 2010. <http://www.auswaertiges-amt.de/EN/Infoservice/Presse/Reden/2010/101124-BM-Atalanta-Rede.html?Nn=554434>.

<sup>1119</sup> Address by Foreign Minister Westerwelle at the third EU-Africa Summit on 30 November 2010 in Tripoli, Libya, Federal Foreign Office (Berlin) 30 November 2010. Date of Access: 8 December 2010. <http://www.auswaertiges-amt.de/EN/Infoservice/Presse/Reden/2010/101130-BM-EU-Afrika-Gipfel-Rede.html>.

<sup>1120</sup> Atalanta: Successful operation against pirates off the Somali coast, Federal Foreign Office (Berlin) 27 December 2010. Date of Access: 6 February 2011. <http://www.auswaertiges-amt.de/EN/Europa/Aussenpolitik/GSVP/ATALANTA-Uebersicht.html>.

<sup>1121</sup> EU military mission to contribute to the training of the Somali Security Forces (EUTM Somalia), European Union (Brussels) December 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. [http://www.consilium.europa.eu/uedocs/cms\\_data/docs/missionpress/files/101207%20Fact%20sheet%20EUTM%20-%20version%206\\_EN.pdf](http://www.consilium.europa.eu/uedocs/cms_data/docs/missionpress/files/101207%20Fact%20sheet%20EUTM%20-%20version%206_EN.pdf).

<sup>1122</sup> Spotlight on Africa as Westerwelle Attends African Union Summit, German Missions in the United States (Washington) 23 July 2010. Date of Access: 17 November 2010. [http://www.germany.info/Vertretung/usa/en/\\_pr/P\\_Wash/2010/07/23\\_africanunion\\_PR\\_archivectx=2028290.html](http://www.germany.info/Vertretung/usa/en/_pr/P_Wash/2010/07/23_africanunion_PR_archivectx=2028290.html).

<sup>1123</sup> Spotlight on Africa as Westerwelle Attends African Union Summit, German Missions in the United States (Washington) 23 July 2010. Date of Access: 17 November 2010. [http://www.germany.info/Vertretung/usa/en/\\_pr/P\\_Wash/2010/07/23\\_africanunion\\_PR\\_archivectx=2028290.html](http://www.germany.info/Vertretung/usa/en/_pr/P_Wash/2010/07/23_africanunion_PR_archivectx=2028290.html).

<sup>1124</sup> Spotlight on Africa as Westerwelle Attends African Union Summit, German Missions in the United States (Washington) 23 July 2010. Date of Access: 17 November 2010. [http://www.germany.info/Vertretung/usa/en/\\_pr/P\\_Wash/2010/07/23\\_africanunion\\_PR\\_archivectx=2028290.html](http://www.germany.info/Vertretung/usa/en/_pr/P_Wash/2010/07/23_africanunion_PR_archivectx=2028290.html).

1967 on the situation in Côte D'Ivoire.<sup>1125</sup> Within both the European Union and the United Nations, the German Government, Germany places active support on "the efforts being made by the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS) and the African Union to mediate between the parties."<sup>1126</sup>

Germany has actively reinforced policing capacity, and is committed on an ongoing basis to building the capacity of the police forces in Afghanistan as part of its commitments to NATO's mission in that country.<sup>1127</sup> The commitments reflect consensus within NATO that increasing the capacity of civilian security systems is an important component of stability in Afghanistan.<sup>1128</sup> The German Federal Foreign Office reported that, as of 12 July 2010, approximately 200 German police officers were working in Afghanistan within the framework of Berlin's €77 million-budget for Afghan police capacity-building.<sup>1129</sup> The United Nations reports that as of October 2010, Germany was contributing 11 police personnel to peacekeeping missions.<sup>1130</sup> However, there is no evidence to suggest, however, that Germany contributed to creating new FPU's since the Muskoka Summit in June 2010.

Thus, Germany has been awarded with a score of 0 for partially completing commitment to strengthen availability of civilian experts, promote maritime security and participation in international peace operations.

*Analyst: Salvator Cusimano*

**Italy: +1**

Italy has fully complied with its commitment to Civilian Security Systems in each of the three key areas outlined in Annex II of the Muskoka Declaration: Civilian Reinforcements for Stabilization, Peace building and Rule of Law; Maritime Security; and International Police Peace Operations.

Italy has fulfilled its commitment to ensure lasting stability and security in post-conflict regions. Regarding contributions to UN Peacekeeping operations, Italy has continued its contribution by providing civilian experts, Formed Police Units, individual police, and contingency troops to Haiti, Lebanon, Western Sahara, Afghanistan, Darfur, Cyprus, Kosovo, India, Pakistan, and the

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<sup>1125</sup> United Nations reinforces peacekeeping mission in Côte d'Ivoire, Federal Foreign Office (Berlin) 19 January 2011. Date of Access: 6 February 2011. [http://www.auswaertiges-amt.de/EN/Infoservice/Presse/Meldungen/2011/110119\\_VN\\_Friedensmission\\_Cote\\_d\\_Ivoire.html](http://www.auswaertiges-amt.de/EN/Infoservice/Presse/Meldungen/2011/110119_VN_Friedensmission_Cote_d_Ivoire.html).

<sup>1126</sup> United Nations reinforces peacekeeping mission in Côte d'Ivoire, Federal Foreign Office (Berlin) 19 January 2011. Date of Access: 6 February 2011. [http://www.auswaertiges-amt.de/EN/Infoservice/Presse/Meldungen/2011/110119\\_VN\\_Friedensmission\\_Cote\\_d\\_Ivoire.html](http://www.auswaertiges-amt.de/EN/Infoservice/Presse/Meldungen/2011/110119_VN_Friedensmission_Cote_d_Ivoire.html).

<sup>1127</sup> Berlin to train Afghan police even after security handover, Deutsche-Welle (Berlin) 22 August 2010. Date of Access: 17 November 2010. <http://www.dw-world.de/dw/article/0,,5933456,00.html>.

<sup>1128</sup> US makes modest gains from Afghan civilian surge: experts, AFP (Washington) 21 October 2010. Date of Access: 17 November 2010. <http://www.google.com/hostednews/afp/article/aleqm5iijue-aszlvqaj06bzvwljhg9mxw?Docid=CNG.647e4a8748e7b4936d32cd7376620e77.41>.

<sup>1129</sup> Germany's support for rebuilding the Afghan police force, Federal Foreign Office (Berlin) 7 December 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. [http://www.auswaertiges-amt.de/sid\\_3B8FDF6C153E4D166E4EED005C2DAF2F/EN/Aussenpolitik/regionaleschwerpunkte/afghani-stanzentralasien/Polizeiaufbau-dt-Engagement\\_node.html](http://www.auswaertiges-amt.de/sid_3B8FDF6C153E4D166E4EED005C2DAF2F/EN/Aussenpolitik/regionaleschwerpunkte/afghani-stanzentralasien/Polizeiaufbau-dt-Engagement_node.html).

<sup>1130</sup> Monthly Summary of Contributions (Police, Military Experts on Mission and Troops), United Nations (New York) 31 October 2010. Date of Access: 6 December 2010. [http://www.un.org/en/peacekeeping/contributors/2010/oct10\\_1.pdf](http://www.un.org/en/peacekeeping/contributors/2010/oct10_1.pdf).



Middle East.<sup>1131</sup> Most notable was Italy's contribution to the UN Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL), which provided roughly 1800 personnel to the mission.<sup>1132</sup>

Italy has also fulfilled its commitment to combat piracy off the coast of Somalia. On 29 July 2010, the EU NAVFOR Italian warship ITS LIBECCIO joined Operation Atalanta, eventually ending its mission on 30 November 2010.<sup>1133</sup> During the four-month period, the frigate supported the World Food Programme, the African Union Mission in Somalia (AMISOM), and security operations against piracy.<sup>1134</sup> On 19 January 2011, Italian Foreign Minister Frattini met with Somali Prime Minister Mohammed Abdullah Mohammed to discuss Italy's peacemaking efforts in Somalia.<sup>1135</sup> Minister Frattini reiterated Italy's financial commitment to foster stability in Somalia and the "establishment of a special ad hoc tribunal for pirates, as well as for the terrorists that control half of Somalia."<sup>1136</sup>

Italy has also fulfilled its commitment to coordinate with international institutions to train and equip security forces. From 20 to 22 July 2010, Italy took part in financing a workshop on international criminal co-operation held by the UN Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) and the Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe (OSCE) in Astana.<sup>1137</sup> The workshop allowed practitioners within criminal and legal affairs from a variety of countries, including Afghanistan and Iran, learned to enhance their national criminal justice systems, and furthered international cooperation on criminal matters.<sup>1138</sup>

Thus, Italy has been awarded a score of +1 for satisfying its commitment to strengthen availability of civilian experts, promote maritime security and participate in international peace operations.

*Analyst: Tina Chang*

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<sup>1131</sup> Monthly Summary of Contributors of Military and Police Personnel, United Nations Peacekeeping.

Date of Access: 9 December 2010. <http://www.un.org/en/peacekeeping/contributors/>.

<sup>1132</sup> Monthly Summary of Contributors of Military and Police Personnel, United Nations Peacekeeping.

Date of Access: 9 December 2010. <http://www.un.org/en/peacekeeping/contributors/>.

<sup>1133</sup> EU NAVFOR thanks ITS LIBECCIO after 125 days in Operation ATALANTA, EU NAVFOR Somalia 1 December 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. <http://www.eunavfor.eu/2010/12/eu-navfor-thanks-its-libeccio-after-125-days-in-operation-atalanta/>.

<sup>1134</sup> EU NAVFOR thanks ITS LIBECCIO after 125 days in Operation ATALANTA, EU NAVFOR Somalia 1 December 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. <http://www.eunavfor.eu/2010/12/eu-navfor-thanks-its-libeccio-after-125-days-in-operation-atalanta/>.

<sup>1135</sup> Somalia: Italy's new peacemaking efforts, Ministry of Foreign Affairs 19 January 2011. Date of Access: 7 February 2011.

[http://www.esteri.it/MAE/EN/Sala\\_Stampa/ArchivioNotizie/Approfondimenti/2011/01/20110119\\_Somalia\\_pacificazione.htm](http://www.esteri.it/MAE/EN/Sala_Stampa/ArchivioNotizie/Approfondimenti/2011/01/20110119_Somalia_pacificazione.htm).

<sup>1136</sup> Somalia: Italy's new peacemaking efforts, Ministry of Foreign Affairs 19 January 2011. Date of Access: 7 February 2011.

[http://www.esteri.it/MAE/EN/Sala\\_Stampa/ArchivioNotizie/Approfondimenti/2011/01/20110119\\_Somalia\\_pacificazione.htm](http://www.esteri.it/MAE/EN/Sala_Stampa/ArchivioNotizie/Approfondimenti/2011/01/20110119_Somalia_pacificazione.htm).

<sup>1137</sup> UNODC/OSCE to hold regional workshop on international criminal co-operation in Astana 20-22 July, The Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe (Astana) 19 July 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. <http://www.osce.org/spmu/72088>.

<sup>1138</sup> UNODC/OSCE to hold regional workshop on international criminal co-operation in Astana 20-22 July, The Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe (Astana) 19 July 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. <http://www.osce.org/spmu/72088>.

**Japan: +1**

Japan has fully complied with its commitment to Civilian Security Systems in each of the three key areas outlined in Annex II of the Muskoka Declaration: Civilian Reinforcements for Stabilization, Peace building and Rule of Law; Maritime Security; and International Police Peace Operations.

Japan has fulfilled its obligation to train and deploy civilian experts with international partners. Japan has actively participated, alongside the UN, by providing US\$2.52 million to assist in peacekeeping training centres in Africa, such as the Cairo Center for Conflict Resolution and Peacekeeping in Egypt and the Kofi Annan International Peacekeeping Training Centre in Ghana.<sup>1139</sup> Japan has been contributing to the Middle East peace process by dispatching Self-Defense Forces (SDS) to the UN Disengagement Observer Force in peace support operations.<sup>1140</sup> Other nations such as Nepal and Haiti have also benefitted from these SDS forces.<sup>1141/1142</sup> The chairperson of the AU Commission, Dr. Jean Ping, acknowledged that Japan is committed to doubling its Official Development Assistance to Africa and making further contributions in the area of peace and security.<sup>1143</sup>

Furthermore, Japan has displayed a strong commitment towards providing maritime security. Since passing the Anti-Piracy Law<sup>1144</sup> and joining other countries to sign the New York Declaration, outlining best practices to enhance shipping security,<sup>1145</sup> Japan has deployed military vessels and airplanes to protect ships in the Gulf of Aden.<sup>1146</sup> In session at the United Nation's Security Council in August 2010, Japan announced that it would contribute US\$13.6 million to the International Maritime Organization to establish a military base in Djibouti, aimed at strengthening capacities to address the challenges presented by maritime piracy.<sup>1147</sup>

Finally, Japan has fulfilled its commitment to train and equip police forces for various peace operations. Japan has made financial contributions to Peacekeeping Training Centres in Africa,

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<sup>1139</sup> Additional Assistance to Peacekeeping Training Centers in Africa 16 August 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. [http://www.mofa.go.jp/announce/announce/2010/8/0816\\_01.html](http://www.mofa.go.jp/announce/announce/2010/8/0816_01.html).

<sup>1140</sup> Extension of the Dispatch of the International Peace Cooperation Corps in the Golan Heights 6 August 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010.

[http://www.mofa.go.jp/announce/announce/2010/8/0806\\_03.html](http://www.mofa.go.jp/announce/announce/2010/8/0806_03.html).

<sup>1141</sup> Extension of the Duration of Dispatch of Self-Defense Forces Personnel to the United Nations Mission in Nepal (UNMIN) 16 November 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010.

[http://www.mofa.go.jp/announce/announce/2010/11/1116\\_02.html](http://www.mofa.go.jp/announce/announce/2010/11/1116_02.html).

<sup>1142</sup> Extension of the Dispatch of the International Peace Cooperation Corps in Haiti for the Peace Keeping Operation (PKO) 16 November 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010.

[http://www.mofa.go.jp/announce/announce/2010/11/1116\\_03.html](http://www.mofa.go.jp/announce/announce/2010/11/1116_03.html).

<sup>1143</sup> Visit to Japan by H.E. Mr. Jean Ping, Chairperson of the African Union Commission (AUC) (Tokyo) 3 August 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010.

[http://www.mofa.go.jp/region/africa/au/visit\\_1008\\_doc.html](http://www.mofa.go.jp/region/africa/au/visit_1008_doc.html).

<sup>1144</sup> Japan passes anti-piracy law 19 June 2009. Date of Access: 9 December 2010.

<http://news.smh.com.au/breaking-news-world/japan-passes-antipiracy-law-20090619-cnsc.html>.

<sup>1145</sup> Fourth Plenary Meeting of the Contact Group on Piracy off the coast of Somalia (New York City) 10 September 2009. Date of Access: 9 December 2010.

<http://www.mofa.go.jp/policy/piracy/communique0909.html>.

<sup>1146</sup> Statement by H.E. Tsuneo Nishida, Permanent Representative of Japan to the United Nations, At the Meeting of the Security Council, 25 August 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. <http://www.un.emb-japan.go.jp/statements/nishida083110.html>.

<sup>1147</sup> Japan reveals military plan in Djibouti to fight Somali pirates 18 August 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. <http://www.afrik-news.com/article18118.html>.

where more than 1,200 military, police and civilian personnel have been trained to date.<sup>1148</sup> In September 2010, Japanese Prime Minister Naoto Kan stated that Japan would cooperate with the Republic of Turkey in assisting Afghan police training by providing funding as well as police personnel.<sup>1149</sup> In Congo, Japan has funded a new training centre for 500 newly recruited members of the Congolese National Police in collaboration with the UN Stabilization Mission in Congo.<sup>1150</sup>

Thus, Japan has been awarded the score of +1 for fulfilling its commitments to strengthen availability of civilian experts, promote maritime security and participation in international peace operations.

*Analyst: Jemy Joseph*

### **Russia: +1**

Russia has fully complied with its commitment to Civilian Security Systems in each of the three key areas outlined in Annex II of the Muskoka Declaration: Civilian Reinforcements for Stabilization, Peace building and Rule of Law; Maritime Security; and International Police Peace Operations.

Russia has continued to support preparation of civilian experts for stabilization, peace building and rule of law. On 24 September 2010, in the statement at the Ministerial Meeting of the Friends of Yemen Group, Russian Deputy Foreign Minister Alexander Saltanov pledged Russia's continued assistance for "strengthening the capacity of the Yemeni armed forces and law enforcement agencies."<sup>1151</sup>

Since 2003, the Russian Ministry of Interior has trained more than 200 peacekeepers from 54 developing countries.<sup>1152</sup> In September-October 2010 personnel of law enforcement agencies from Belarus, Sudan, Namibia, Botswana and Lesotho were trained at this facility.<sup>1153</sup>

Russia has also taken several measures to help build maritime security capacity. On 25 August 2010, Russia's delegation to the United Nations Security Council "chaired and initiated" the meeting discussing piracy off the coast of Somalia<sup>1154</sup> The Russian representatives "underlined the need for a comprehensive approach towards piracy" and sought methods to address the problem of pirates' legal immunity. In addition, the UN Security Council meeting provided an

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<sup>1148</sup> Additional Assistance to Peacekeeping Training Centers in Africa 16 August 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. [http://www.mofa.go.jp/announce/announce/2010/8/0816\\_01.html](http://www.mofa.go.jp/announce/announce/2010/8/0816_01.html).

<sup>1149</sup> Address by H.E. Mr. Naoto Kan, Prime Minister of Japan, at the meeting of the United Nations Security Council at the level of heads of the state and governments (New York) 23 September 2010. Date of Access: 9 September 2010. [http://www.kantei.go.jp/foreign/kan/statement/201009/23statement\\_e.html](http://www.kantei.go.jp/foreign/kan/statement/201009/23statement_e.html).

<sup>1150</sup> Roger Meece visits Congolese National Police Training Center "PNC" in Kapalata (Kisangani) 7 December 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. <http://monusco.unmissions.org/Default.aspx?Tabid=932&ctl=Details&mid=1096&itemid=11156>.

<sup>1151</sup> Statement by Alexander Saltanov, Russia's Special Presidential Representative for the Middle East and Deputy Foreign Minister, at the Ministerial Meeting of the Friends of Yemen Group, New York, September 24, 2010, 25 September 2010. [http://www.mid.ru/brp\\_4.nsf/0/7CFA888D29518D73C32577AC0032C0CE](http://www.mid.ru/brp_4.nsf/0/7CFA888D29518D73C32577AC0032C0CE).

<sup>1152</sup> All-Russian Training Institute of the Russian Ministry of the Interior 16 September 2010. <http://www.vipkmvd.ru/index.php?Id=916>.

<sup>1153</sup> All-Russian Training Institute of the Russian Ministry of the Interior 14 October 2010. <http://www.vipkmvd.ru/index.php?Id=953>.

<sup>1154</sup> UN Security Council Meeting on Piracy off Somali Coast, 26 August 2010. [http://www.mid.ru/brp\\_4.nsf/0/ECDD5C18860D406C325778C005492A8](http://www.mid.ru/brp_4.nsf/0/ECDD5C18860D406C325778C005492A8).

opportunity for Russia to support the “establishment of an international judicial mechanism at the regional level to complement national systems” in addressing these critical security issues.<sup>1155</sup>

At the Russia-NATO Lisbon summit on 20 November 2010, the parties involved agreed to “expand existing tactical level co-operation” in the sphere of maritime security.<sup>1156</sup> This expansion would include joint training and exercises in response to the significant and growing threat of piracy and armed robbery at sea.<sup>1157</sup>

Russia has supported several international police peace operations and helped build capacity to conduct such operations. On 29 June 2010, a Russian aviation contingent was sent to join the UN mission in Sudan.<sup>1158</sup>

During its presidency in the UN Security Council in August 2010, Russia initiated the practice of extending invitations to commanders of various UN peacekeeping contingents to impel their attendance at critical Security Council meetings.<sup>1159</sup> Russia also proposed to further revitalize the Military Staff Committee (MSC), which, according to the Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, Sergey Lavrov, “would help to provide a systemic and professional military expertise in peacekeeping activities.”<sup>1160</sup>

On 19 July 2010, in support of the international efforts to strengthen government institutions in the Palestinian National Authority (PNA) and in line with the Quartet’s plan to support capacity of law enforcement agencies in the PNA — Russia transferred fifty BTR-70 armoured personnel carriers to the Palestinian side without charge. Russia’s training specialists have also taught “Palestinian drivers and mechanics the skills in operation and maintenance of these combat vehicles.”<sup>1161</sup>

On 24 September 2010, in a Statement at the Summit-Level Meeting of the UN Security Council the Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, Sergey Lavrov, affirmed that Russia intended to “continue to increase its practical contribution to the UN peacekeeping and peacebuilding

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<sup>1155</sup> UN Security Council Meeting on Piracy off Somali Coast, 26 August 2010.

[http://www.mid.ru/brp\\_4.nsf/0/ECDDE5C18860D406C325778C005492A8](http://www.mid.ru/brp_4.nsf/0/ECDDE5C18860D406C325778C005492A8).

<sup>1156</sup> NATO-Russia Council Joint Statement, President of Russia 20 November 2010.

[http://eng.news.kremlin.ru/ref\\_notes/39](http://eng.news.kremlin.ru/ref_notes/39).

<sup>1157</sup> NATO-Russia Council Joint Statement, President of Russia 20 November 2010.

[http://eng.news.kremlin.ru/ref\\_notes/39](http://eng.news.kremlin.ru/ref_notes/39).

<sup>1158</sup> Dispatch of a Russian aviation contingent to the UN mission in Sudan, 22 June 2010.

<http://www.mil.ru/info/1069/details/index.shtml?Id=74222>.

<sup>1159</sup> Statement by Sergey Lavrov, Minister of Foreign Affairs of Russia, at the Summit-Level Meeting of the UN Security Council, New York, September 23, 2010.

[http://www.mid.ru/brp\\_4.nsf/0/A444441EEE370B63C32577AA002C2E3D](http://www.mid.ru/brp_4.nsf/0/A444441EEE370B63C32577AA002C2E3D).

<sup>1160</sup> Statement by Sergey Lavrov, Minister of Foreign Affairs of Russia, at the Summit-Level Meeting of the UN Security Council, New York, September 23, 2010.

[http://www.mid.ru/brp\\_4.nsf/0/A444441EEE370B63C32577AA002C2E3D](http://www.mid.ru/brp_4.nsf/0/A444441EEE370B63C32577AA002C2E3D).

<sup>1161</sup> On the Transfer of Russian Special Equipment for the Needs of the Law Enforcement Agencies of the Palestinian National Authority, Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Russia 20 July 2010.

[http://www.mid.ru/brp\\_4.nsf/0/7E6071A9A580B9A9C3257766005113C3](http://www.mid.ru/brp_4.nsf/0/7E6071A9A580B9A9C3257766005113C3).

activities.”<sup>1162</sup> Annually, Russia contributes US\$2 million the UN’s Peacebuilding Fund, in addition to its other activities and means of support.<sup>1163</sup>

On 8 December 2010, the Russian President Dmitry Medvedev — responding to prompting from the UN Secretary General — announced that the Russian aviation contingent, previously providing assistance in Chad and the Central African Republic, would be redeployed to the UN mission in Sudan to replace an equivalent Indian contingent and provide the necessary support for the January referendum.<sup>1164</sup>

On 23 December 2010, Russia ratified the Agreement on the Collective Rapid Reaction Forces (CRRF) of the Collective Security Treaty Organisation (CSTO), which will permit the creation of forces intended to form the CSTO’s “constant combat readiness and collective security system forces.”<sup>1165</sup> The CRRF are “aimed at engaging in preventing and repulsing armed attacks” and will focus on effectively addressing “new threats and challenges, ... international terrorism, the unlawful trafficking of drugs, weapons, and ammunition, and other types of transnational organised crime.”<sup>1166</sup> The CRRF will be responsible for addressing “emergency situations and providing emergency humanitarian assistance, reinforcing forces covering national borders, guarding member countries’ public and military facilities, and resolving other challenges.”<sup>1167</sup>

On 23 December 2010, the Russian President announced the deployment of eight Russian representatives to the Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe (OSCE) police advisory group to Kyrgyzstan.<sup>1168</sup>

Thus, Russia has been awarded a score of +1 as it has provided support to all three of the civilian security initiatives outlined in Annex II of the Muskoka Declaration.

*Analyst: Vitaly Nagornov*

### **United Kingdom: +1**

The United Kingdom has fully complied with its commitment to Civilian Security Systems in each of the three key areas outlined in Annex II of the Muskoka Declaration: Civilian Reinforcements for Stabilization, Peace building and Rule of Law; Maritime Security; and International Police Peace Operations.

The UK Ministry of Defence continues to work with its Stabilization Unit and the Civilian Stabilization Group to enhance peace operations worldwide. The Stabilization Unit was set up to “respond to the complex challenges of fragile and conflict-afflicted states, and works with

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<sup>1162</sup> Statement by Sergey Lavrov, Minister of Foreign Affairs of Russia, at the Summit-Level Meeting of the UN Security Council, New York, September 23, 2010.

[http://www.mid.ru/brp\\_4.nsf/0/A444441EEE370B63C32577AA002C2E3D](http://www.mid.ru/brp_4.nsf/0/A444441EEE370B63C32577AA002C2E3D).

<sup>1163</sup> Statement by Sergey Lavrov, Minister of Foreign Affairs of Russia, at the Summit-Level Meeting of the UN Security Council, New York, September 23, 2010.

[http://www.mid.ru/brp\\_4.nsf/0/A444441EEE370B63C32577AA002C2E3D](http://www.mid.ru/brp_4.nsf/0/A444441EEE370B63C32577AA002C2E3D).

<sup>1164</sup> Message to President of Sudan Omar Bashir, 8 December 2010. <http://eng.kremlin.ru/news/1439>.

<sup>1165</sup> Law on ratification of agreement on CSTO’s Collective Rapid Reaction Force 27 December 2010. <http://eng.kremlin.ru/acts/1541>.

<sup>1166</sup> Law on ratification of agreement on CSTO’s Collective Rapid Reaction Force 27 December 2010. <http://eng.kremlin.ru/acts/1541>.

<sup>1167</sup> Law on ratification of agreement on CSTO’s Collective Rapid Reaction Force 27 December 2010. <http://eng.kremlin.ru/acts/1541>.

<sup>1168</sup> Russian President Executive Order No 883-rp of 23 December 2010. <http://graph.document.kremlin.ru/page.aspx?1;1537298>.

countries to enhance their capacity for self-governance.”<sup>1169</sup> Civilian experts from the Stabilization Unit are currently deployed in Afghanistan, Kosovo, the Democratic Republic of Congo and Sudan.<sup>1170</sup>

In November 2010, the Stabilization Unit and the Ministry of Defence’s Development, Concepts and Doctrine Centre (DCDC) launched a Joint Doctrine Note on security transitions, marking “the first time a civilian agency has directly co-developed a joint doctrine.”<sup>1171</sup> The note emphasized legitimacy, capability and sustainability, and highlighted the need for security and justice sector reform by British civilian experts.<sup>1172</sup> In mid-October, 2010, hundreds of British civilian and military staff completed a training exercise in Cornwall, UK.<sup>1173</sup> The training consisted of a simulation of a field operation in Afghanistan by the HQ Allied Rapid Reaction Corps (ARRC), “a high readiness NATO HQ prepared for rapid deployment worldwide.”<sup>1174</sup>

In January 2011, the UK has initiated a new civilian expertise program for disaster preparedness and management in Uganda.<sup>1175</sup> An integrated civilian-military team from the civilian Stabilization Unit (SU) and the Military Stabilization Support Group (MSGG) met with “key officials from the Ugandan Government, local authorities, and the international community to identify disaster planning priorities.”<sup>1176</sup>

The UK also supported maritime security initiatives through both bilateral and multilateral efforts. In September 2010, the British helicopter carrier HMS Ocean hosted 20 Nigerian officers for a bilateral naval security capacity-building initiative as part of the Africa Partnership

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<sup>1169</sup> Foreign and Commonwealth Office, The Stabilization Unit. Date of Access: 24 January 2011.

<http://www.stabilisationunit.gov.uk/index.php/about-us>.

<sup>1170</sup> Co-operation bringing stable government to Helmand, Ministry of Defence (London) 24 August 2010. Date of Access: 6 February 2011.

<http://www.mod.uk/DefenceInternet/DefenceNews/MilitaryOperations/CooperationBringingStableGovernmentToHelmand.htm>.

<sup>1171</sup> Stabilisation Unit and DCDC Launch Joint Doctrine Note on Security Transitions, Stabilization Unit (London) November 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010.

<http://www.stabilisationunit.gov.uk/index.php/newsroom/454-stabilisation-unit-and-dcdc-launch-joint-doctrine-note-on-security-transitions>.

<sup>1172</sup> Stabilisation Unit and DCDC Launch Joint Doctrine Note on Security Transitions, Stabilization Unit (London) November 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010.

<http://www.stabilisationunit.gov.uk/index.php/newsroom/454-stabilisation-unit-and-dcdc-launch-joint-doctrine-note-on-security-transitions>.

<sup>1173</sup> HQ ARRC prepares for Afghanistan deployment with training exercise at RAF St. Mawgan, NATO HQ ARRC (Gloucester) 15 October 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010.

<http://www.rrc.nato.int/alliedrapidreactioncorps/page37704633.aspx>.

<sup>1174</sup> HQ ARRC prepares for Afghanistan deployment with training exercise at RAF St. Mawgan, NATO HQ ARRC (Gloucester) 15 October 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010.

<http://www.rrc.nato.int/alliedrapidreactioncorps/page37704633.aspx>.

<sup>1175</sup> MOD staff help Ugandans prepare for disaster relief, Ministry of Defence (London), 10 January 2011. Date of Access: 6 February 2011.

<http://www.mod.uk/DefenceInternet/DefenceNews/TrainingAndAdventure/ModStaffHelpUgandansPrepareForDisasterRelief.htm>.

<sup>1176</sup> MOD staff help Ugandans prepare for disaster relief, Ministry of Defence (London), 10 January 2011. Date of Access: 6 February 2011.

<http://www.mod.uk/DefenceInternet/DefenceNews/TrainingAndAdventure/ModStaffHelpUgandansPrepareForDisasterRelief.htm>.

Station.<sup>1177</sup> On 24 September 2010, the Friends of Yemen released a joint statement at the conclusion of their Ministerial Meeting in New York, which was chaired by UK Foreign Secretary William Hague.<sup>1178</sup> The Ministers lauded Yemeni maritime security initiatives and “committed to continue their support to reinforce the capacities of the Yemeni security forces to protect borders.”<sup>1179</sup> On 12 November 2010, during Prime Minister David Cameron’s visit to China, the UK and China released a set of agreed statements, which called for closer coordination of counter-piracy operations and security capability developments in East Africa.<sup>1180</sup>

In the area of international police peace operations, the UK has undertaken a number of new initiatives since the Muskoka Summit, especially in Afghanistan and East Africa. A December 2010 EU report signalled that the UK would continue to train Somali police forces in Ethiopia and Uganda under the EU Somalia Training Mission (EUTM).<sup>1181</sup> The United Kingdom has actively reinforced policing capacity in Afghanistan, as part of its commitments to NATO’s mission in that country.

The UK is committed on an ongoing basis to building the capacity of the police forces in Afghanistan.<sup>1182</sup> The commitments reflect consensus within NATO that increasing the capacity of civilian security systems is an important component of stability in Afghanistan.<sup>1183</sup> In particular, the United Kingdom has reported a number of new advances in building and reinforcing Afghan police capacity.

On 7 December 2010, Prime Minister David Cameron announced a new commitment of £33.1 million to the development of the Afghan National Police, which will include the construction of seven new police stations.<sup>1184</sup> The Ministry of Defence expects that this funding “will help the

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<sup>1177</sup> HMS Ocean Engages In Capacity Building With The Nigerian Navy - Africa Partnership Station (APS), British Embassy in Rabat (Rabat) 24 September 2010. Date of Access: 6 December 2010. <http://ukinmorocco.fco.gov.uk/en/news/?View=press&id=22931336>.

<sup>1178</sup> Joint statement from the Ministerial Meeting of the Friends of Yemen, Foreign and Commonwealth Office (London) 24 September 2010. Date of Access: 6 December 2010. <http://www.fco.gov.uk/en/news/latest-news/?View=press&id=22916622>.

<sup>1179</sup> Joint statement from the Ministerial Meeting of the Friends of Yemen, Foreign and Commonwealth Office (London) 24 September 2010. Date of Access: 6 December 2010. <http://www.fco.gov.uk/en/news/latest-news/?View=press&id=22916622>.

<sup>1180</sup> Agreed UK-China statements, British Embassy in Beijing (Beijing) 12 November 2010. Date of Access: 7 December 2010. <http://ukinchina.fco.gov.uk/en/news/?View=press&id=71034682#>.

<sup>1181</sup> EU military mission to contribute to the training of the Somali Security Forces (EUTM Somalia), European Union (Brussels) December 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. [http://www.consilium.europa.eu/uedocs/cms\\_data/docs/missionpress/files/101207%20Fact%20sheet%20EUTM%20-%20version%206\\_EN.pdf](http://www.consilium.europa.eu/uedocs/cms_data/docs/missionpress/files/101207%20Fact%20sheet%20EUTM%20-%20version%206_EN.pdf).

<sup>1182</sup> Berlin to train Afghan police even after security handover, Deutsche-Welle (Berlin) 22 August 2010. Date of Access: 17 November 2010. <http://www.dw-world.de/dw/article/0,,5933456,00.html>.

<sup>1183</sup> US makes modest gains from Afghan civilian surge: experts, AFP (Washington) 21 October 2010. Date of Access: 17 November 2010. <http://www.google.com/hostednews/afp/article/aleqm5iijue-aszlvqaj06bzwvljhg9mxw?Docid=CNG.647e4a8748e7b4936d32cd7376620e77.41>.

<sup>1184</sup> Prime Minister announces boost to Afghan campaign, Ministry of Defence (London) 7 December 2010. Date Accessed: 9 December 2010. <http://www.mod.uk/defenceinternet/defencenews/defencepolicyandbusiness/primeministerannouncesboosttoafghancampaign.htm>.

Afghan National Police appear both more visible and more professional to the Afghan population, enabling them to carry out their responsibilities more effectively.”<sup>1185</sup>

There is no evidence to suggest, however, that Britain contributed to creating new FPU's since the Muskoka Summit in June 2010. The UK's October 2010 Strategic Defence Review vaguely pledged to “work with the UN Secretariat, regional organisations and key member states, including the emerging powers and troop and police contributing countries (both current and potential), to ensure that conflict prevention plays a central role in UN efforts to foster global peace and security, alongside more effective peacekeeping and peace-building.”<sup>1186</sup>

Thus, the United Kingdom has been awarded with a score of +1 for following through with its commitment to strengthen availability of civilian experts, promote maritime security and participation in international peace operations.

*Analyst: Salvator Cusimano*

### **United States: +1**

The United States has fully complied with its commitment to Civilian Security Systems in each of the three key areas outlined in Annex II of the Muskoka Declaration: Civilian Reinforcements for Stabilization, Peace building and Rule of Law; Maritime Security; and International Police Peace Operations.

The US has fulfilled its commitment to enhance global capacities through training personnel in developing countries. In October 2010, the US participated in the training of almost 1000 personnel from HQ Allied Rapid Reaction Corps (ARRC) and other agencies for a NATO Training exercise at RAF St Mawgan, Cornwall, in preparation for deployment to Afghanistan in 2011.<sup>1187</sup> In Africa, the U.S. military has collaborated with the U.S. State Department in many capacities to assist in developing African military skills and capacities regarding peacekeeping operations.<sup>1188</sup> Illustrative of the specificity of each of these initiatives is the example of Burundi, where a three-officer team from the United States worked with the Burundian National Defense Force (BNDF) to train the BNDF in command post exercises.<sup>1189</sup> During this five-week course, the battalion commanders and staff learned about the NATO military decision-making process.<sup>1190</sup>

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<sup>1185</sup> Prime Minister announces boost to Afghan campaign, Ministry of Defence (London) 7 December 2010. Date Accessed: 9 December 2010.

<http://www.mod.uk/defenceinternet/defencenews/defencepolicyandbusiness/primeministerannouncesboosttoafghancampaign.htm>.

<sup>1186</sup> Securing Britain in an Age of Uncertainty: The Strategic Defence and Security Review, Her Majesty's Government (London) October 2010. Date of Access: 6 December 2010.

[http://www.direct.gov.uk/prod\\_consum\\_dg/groups/dg\\_digitalassets/@dg/@en/documents/digitalasset/dg\\_191634.pdf](http://www.direct.gov.uk/prod_consum_dg/groups/dg_digitalassets/@dg/@en/documents/digitalasset/dg_191634.pdf).

<sup>1187</sup> HQ ARRC prepares for Afghanistan deployment with training exercise at RAF St. Mawgan 15 October 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010.

<http://www.rrc.nato.int/alliedrapidreactioncorps/page37704633.aspx>.

<sup>1188</sup> CPX Prepares BNDF for Peacekeeping Mission (Burundi) 10 December 2010. Date of Access: 10 December 2010. <http://www.africom.mil/getarticle.asp?Art=5695&lang=0>.

<sup>1189</sup> CPX Prepares BNDF for Peacekeeping Mission (Burundi) 10 December 2010. Date of Access: 10 December 2010. <http://www.africom.mil/getarticle.asp?Art=5695&lang=0>.

<sup>1190</sup> CPX Prepares BNDF for Peacekeeping Mission (Burundi) 10 December 2010. Date of Access: 10 December 2010. <http://www.africom.mil/getarticle.asp?Art=5695&lang=0>.



In January 2011, Djibouti will serve as the new headquarters for the Combined Joint Task Force Horn of Africa (CJTF-HOA) — focused on East Africa and Yemen.<sup>1191</sup> The goal is to promote regional security and stability in African nations, prevent conflict and protect U.S. and coalition interests.<sup>1192</sup> On 12 January 2011, the US Combined Joint Task Force Horn of Africa hosted the inaugural East African Coalition Logistics conference, inviting coalition components from the US Navy, Air Force, Army and the CJTF-HOA and ten African partner countries (plus Korea) to create stronger interoperability and “cooperative partner-nation relationships” in the region.<sup>1193</sup>

The United States has fulfilled its obligation to increase maritime security and combat piracy, especially in Somalia. Since US’s initial commitment to repress piracy and prosecute pirates,<sup>1194</sup> it has joined and cooperated with a number of international initiatives and partnerships to combat piracy such as joining the Combined Task Force 151 (CTF-151),<sup>1195</sup> EUNAVFOR’s Operation Atalanta and NATO’s Operation Ocean Shield.<sup>1196</sup>

On 14 July 2010, in an effort to enhance regional engagement to address maritime piracy, the US signed a memorandum of understanding (MOU) with Seychelles further cooperation in the prosecution of pirates to better ensure regional security. Seychelles, together with Kenya, has agreed to prosecute pirates captured by other states who find themselves unwilling to carry out the requisite justice process.<sup>1197</sup>

In November 2010, the US attended the 7th plenary session of Contact Group on Piracy Off the Coast of Somalia and is currently chairing the Working Group ‘Strengthening Shipping Self-Awareness and Other Capabilities.’<sup>1198</sup>

The United States has continued to support international police peace operations. At the UN Security Council session, discussing Peacekeeping, on 23 September 2010, Secretary of State Hilary Clinton stated that the US would expanding its efforts to help other countries train and supply new Formed Police Units.<sup>1199</sup> On 22 October 2010, US Ambassador Brooke Anderson stated, in a speech to AU Peacekeeping Operations, that the US has increased efforts to deploy

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<sup>1191</sup> Task Force Prepares for Horn of Africa Mission (Washington) 22 November 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. <http://www.defense.gov/news/newsarticle.aspx?id=61809>.

<sup>1192</sup> Task Force Prepares for Horn of Africa Mission (Washington) 22 November 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. <http://www.defense.gov/news/newsarticle.aspx?id=61809>.

<sup>1193</sup> CJTF-HAO hosts Inaugural East African Coalition Logistics Conference (Djibouti) 12 January 2011. Date of Access: 18 January 2011. <http://www.hoa.africom.mil/getarticle.asp?Art=5826>

<sup>1194</sup> Memorandum from the President (The White House) 14 June 2007. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. <http://georgewbush-whitehouse.archives.gov/news/releases/2007/06/20070614-3.html>.

<sup>1195</sup> New Counter-Piracy Task Force Established (Bahrain) 8 January 2009. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. [http://www.navy.mil/search/display.asp?Story\\_id=41687](http://www.navy.mil/search/display.asp?Story_id=41687).

<sup>1196</sup> Working To Curb Somali Piracy 2 September 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. <http://www.voanews.com/policy/editorials/Working-To-Curb-Somali-Piracy-102105059.html>.

<sup>1197</sup> Press Release: Seychelles and the USA sign Piracy Agreement 14 July 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. <http://www.afrik-news.com/article17956.html>.

<sup>1198</sup> 7th Plenary Session of the Contact Group on Piracy off the Coast of Somalia (New York) 10 November 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. [http://www.marad.dot.gov/documents/Final\\_Communique\\_CGPCS\\_7th\\_Plenary\\_Meeting.pdf](http://www.marad.dot.gov/documents/Final_Communique_CGPCS_7th_Plenary_Meeting.pdf).

<sup>1199</sup> Secretary Clinton’s Remarks at U.N. Summit on Peacekeeping (New York) 23 September 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. <http://www.america.gov/st/texttrans-english/2010/September/20100923182331su0.2789052.html>.

Formed Police Units to “enhance the civilian and police dimensions of peacekeeping in Africa.”<sup>1200</sup>

Thus, the United States has been awarded with a score of +1 for following through with its commitment to strengthen availability of civilian experts, promote maritime security and participation in international peace operations.

*Analyst: Jemy Joseph*

### **European Union: +1**

The European Union (EU) has fully complied with its commitment to Civilian Security Systems in each of the three key areas outlined in Annex II of the Muskoka Declaration: Civilian Reinforcements for Stabilization, Peace building and Rule of Law; Maritime Security; and International Police Peace Operations

The EU restated its commitment to civilian peace building efforts at the United Nations Security Council’s Debate on Post-Conflict Peace building.<sup>1201</sup> The EU’s position reflected the ongoing civilian missions operating out of the European Security and Defence Policy (ESDP) over the last ten years.<sup>1202</sup> The EU currently has nine civilian ESDP missions with “2000 seconded personnel, concurrently deployed in eight different theatres of operation.”<sup>1203</sup> On behalf of the EU at the UN Security Council, Mr. Pedro Serrano urged the deployment of high-quality civilian experts and stated the EU’s willingness to contribute to this initiative.<sup>1204</sup> However, the EU’s policy will be to await the outcome of the civilian capacity review in early 2011 to determine how to “broaden and deepen the pool of [peacebuilding] experts” in the future.<sup>1205</sup>

The EU has met its obligations to increase maritime and combat security in regions such as Somalia. The EU launched Operation Atalanta in December 2008, and voted in June 2010 to extend the mandate of military operations until 12 December 2012.<sup>1206</sup> Currently, eight EU member states have made permanent operation contributions to the maritime security mission.<sup>1207</sup>

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<sup>1200</sup> TRANSCRIPT: Ambassador Anderson on African Union Peacekeeping Operations (Stuttgart) 26 October 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010.

<http://www.africom.mil/getarticle.asp?Art=5475&lang=0>.

<sup>1201</sup> EU Statement - United Nations Security Council: Debate on Post-conflict Peacebuilding (New York) 13 September 2010. Date of Access: 19 November 2010. [http://www.europa-eu-un.org/articles/en/article\\_10201\\_en.htm](http://www.europa-eu-un.org/articles/en/article_10201_en.htm).

<sup>1202</sup> EU Statement - United Nations Security Council: Debate on Post-conflict Peacebuilding (New York) 13 September 2010. Date of Access: 19 November 2010. [http://www.europa-eu-un.org/articles/en/article\\_10201\\_en.htm](http://www.europa-eu-un.org/articles/en/article_10201_en.htm).

<sup>1203</sup> EU Statement - United Nations Security Council: Debate on Post-conflict Peacebuilding (New York) 13 September 2010. Date of Access: 19 November 2010. [http://www.europa-eu-un.org/articles/en/article\\_10201\\_en.htm](http://www.europa-eu-un.org/articles/en/article_10201_en.htm).

<sup>1204</sup> EU Statement - United Nations Security Council: Debate on Post-conflict Peacebuilding (New York) 13 September 2010. Date of Access: 19 November 2010. [http://www.europa-eu-un.org/articles/en/article\\_10201\\_en.htm](http://www.europa-eu-un.org/articles/en/article_10201_en.htm).

<sup>1205</sup> EU Statement - United Nations Security Council: Debate on Post-conflict Peacebuilding (New York) 13 September 2010. Date of Access: 19 November 2010. [http://www.europa-eu-un.org/articles/en/article\\_10201\\_en.htm](http://www.europa-eu-un.org/articles/en/article_10201_en.htm).

<sup>1206</sup> Press Release from EU Council Secretariat - EU Navel Operation Against Piracy November 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. [http://www.consilium.europa.eu/uedocs/cms\\_data/docs/missionpress/files/101116%20Factsheet%20EU%20NAVFOR%20Somalia%20-%20version%2023\\_EN01.pdf](http://www.consilium.europa.eu/uedocs/cms_data/docs/missionpress/files/101116%20Factsheet%20EU%20NAVFOR%20Somalia%20-%20version%2023_EN01.pdf).

<sup>1207</sup> European Union Navel Operation against Piracy: Aim and Mandate. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. <http://www.eunavfor.eu/about-us/mission/>.

The EU is also providing approximately €200 million in funds for addressing the root causes of piracy in Somalia.<sup>1208</sup>

On 28 October 2010, the EU announced that the EU Police mission in Afghanistan (EUPOL) would train and reform the Afghan national police.<sup>1209</sup> The EU has also initiated training of Afghan police leadership for the new Kabul staff college that will provide training for Afghan police commanders.<sup>1210</sup> Training courses for leaders have also started in a provisional location with the aim of extending these critical services to a wider array of local law enforcement actors.<sup>1211</sup> EUPOL will work closely with other international institutions, such as the NATO training mission, to train and advise the leadership of Afghan police forces.<sup>1212</sup>

Thus, the EU has been awarded a score of +1 for its continuing commitment to the ESDP missions, Operation Atalanta, and for its recent commitments to the training of the Afghan national police.

*Analyst: Alexander Vindua*

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<sup>1208</sup> Opening remarks made by High Representative Catherine Ashton at Second High Level Ministerial Conference on Maritime Piracy (Mauritius) 7 October 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. <http://www.consilium.europa.eu/showpage.aspx?Id=1567&lang=EN>.

<sup>1209</sup> Press release from Council of the EU. EUPOL Afghanistan helps Afghan police to train their leadership (Brussels) 28 October 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. [http://www.consilium.europa.eu/uedocs/cms\\_data/docs/pressdata/en/esdp/117455.pdf](http://www.consilium.europa.eu/uedocs/cms_data/docs/pressdata/en/esdp/117455.pdf).

<sup>1210</sup> Press release from Council of the EU. EUPOL Afghanistan helps Afghan police to train their leadership (Brussels) 28 October 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. [http://www.consilium.europa.eu/uedocs/cms\\_data/docs/pressdata/en/esdp/117455.pdf](http://www.consilium.europa.eu/uedocs/cms_data/docs/pressdata/en/esdp/117455.pdf).

<sup>1211</sup> Press release from Council of the EU. EUPOL Afghanistan helps Afghan police to train their leadership (Brussels) 28 October 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. [http://www.consilium.europa.eu/uedocs/cms\\_data/docs/pressdata/en/esdp/117455.pdf](http://www.consilium.europa.eu/uedocs/cms_data/docs/pressdata/en/esdp/117455.pdf).

<sup>1212</sup> Press release from Council of the EU. EUPOL Afghanistan helps Afghan police to train their leadership (Brussels) 28 October 2010. Date of Access: 9 December 2010. [http://www.consilium.europa.eu/uedocs/cms\\_data/docs/pressdata/en/esdp/117455.pdf](http://www.consilium.europa.eu/uedocs/cms_data/docs/pressdata/en/esdp/117455.pdf).